

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Gardena Gardena, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardena, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Aggregate Net Pension Liabilities

As discussed in Note 2A, the unrestricted net position is a deficit in the amount of \$(84,846,187), which includes \$(59,929,081) reported under Governmental Activities and \$(24,917,106) reported under Business-Type Activities. It is mainly due to the net pension liability as discussed in Note 10. Aggregate net pension liabilities for Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities are in the amounts of \$70,409,957 and \$17,657,493, respectively. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liabilities and Related Ratios – CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liabilities and Related Ratios – CalPERS Safety Plan, Schedules of Contributions, and Schedule of Funding Progress - OPEB on pages 7 through 16 and 95 through 102 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, and Statistical Section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Red Group, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2017 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California

December 4, 2017

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2017



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Gardena Gardena, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardena, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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The Red Group, UP

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Santa Ana, California December 4, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Gardena (City), California, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report, as well as with the City's financial statements, which follow this discussion.

Financial Highlights

- ◆ The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2016-2017 fiscal year by \$15,464,635 (net position).
- ◆ The City's total net position decreased \$6,755,372. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$905,225 while net position of business type activities decreased \$5,850,147 due primarily to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The Net Pension Liabilities were included within the government-wide financial statements for both governmental and business-type financial reporting. At close of 2016-2017 fiscal year, the City's Net Pension Liabilities were \$70,409,957 and \$17,657,493 for governmental and business-type activities respectively.
- ♦ At the close of the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$37,725,844, an increase of \$1,374,384 in comparison to the prior year. General Fund increased by \$3,017,157. The increase is primarily due to the \$1,003,790 in proceeds received from the sale of the Ross Nor property, the \$1,107,784 received in reimbursement for AB 109 administration and allocation and the diverse revenue base the City maintains which benefitted from the prospering general economy.
- At the end of the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the General Fund was \$23,549,401 or approximately 44.1% of total General Fund expenditures.
- ♦ The City's total outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$967,998 during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The decrease is primarily attributable to the City refunding the 2006 COP, Series C and the net effect of the annual debt payments made on the 2006 Refunding Certificate of Participation Bonds and the Refunding Revenue Bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The *statement of net position* presents financial information about all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community development, and recreation and human services. The business-type activities of the City include GTrans and the City's Sewer Maintenance Program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twelve (12) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the economic development grants fund, and the debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine (9) governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-34 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two (2) different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its transit operation and for its sewer maintenance. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the management of its retained risks which includes liability insurance, workers' compensation, and health insurance. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the transit operation and for the sewer maintenance, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-41 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one type of fiduciary fund. The *Agency fund* reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 45 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47-91 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City's funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees and includes Budgetary Comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Economic Development Grants Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 93-102 of this report.

The combining statements, referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 106-129 of this report.

City of Gardena Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position, over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$15,464,635 at the close of the 2016-2017 fiscal year.

CITY OF GARDENA NET POSITION

·	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	TOTAL		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 61,858,457 47,903,756	\$ 58,993,618 48,626,788	\$ 4,739,706 60,397,053	\$ 6,534,799 62,151,750	\$ 66,598,163 108,300,809	\$ 65,528,417 110,778,538	
Total Assets:	109,762,213	107,620,406	65,136,759	68,686,549	174,898,972	176,306,955	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	19,381,325	8,238,715	4,583,131	1,163,588	23,964,456	9,402,303	
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	14,248,666 132,360,738	13,567,666 115,156,520	9,263,731 24,545,351	8,295,146 18,903,444	23,512,397 156,906,089	21,862,812 134,059,964	
Total Liabilities:	146,609,404	128,724,186	33,809,082	27,198,590	180,418,486	155,922,776	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,302,559	5,998,135	677,748	1,568,340	2,980,307	7,566,475	
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	28,138,906 12,021,750	27,897,717 14,152,971	60,150,166	62,151,750 -	88,289,072 12,021,750	90,049,467 14,152,971	
Unrestricted	(59,929,081)	(60,913,888)	(24,917,106)	(21,068,543)	(84,846,187)	(81,982,431)	
Total Net Position:	\$ (19,768,425)	\$ (18,863,200)	\$ 35,233,060	\$ 41,083,207	\$ 15,464,635	\$ 22,220,007	

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (Unrestricted) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$(84,846,187) is unrestricted and if positive may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors which include the net OPEB and Pension obligation.

At the end of the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position with the exception of unrestricted, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The negative in unrestricted net position is a result of 1) GASB 68, which resulted in a significant increase in Pension obligations and 2) The continual increase in net OPEB obligations related to GASB 45, both of these items lead to substantial increases in non-current liabilities.

City of Gardena Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

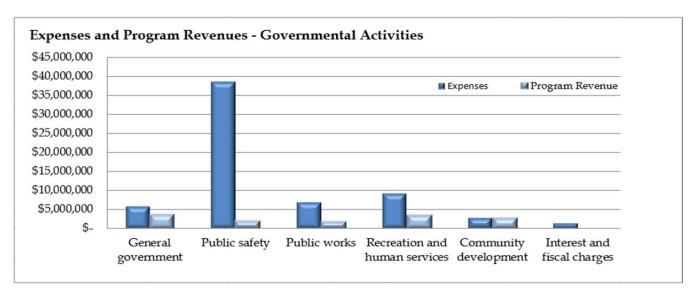
The City's overall net position decreased \$6,755,372 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall decrease are discussed in the below sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. During the 2016-2017 fiscal year, net position for governmental activities decreased \$905,225 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$(19,768,425). The decrease in the overall net position of governmental activities is primarily related to 1) The decrease of \$3,221,551 in Transfers In compared to the prior year was a result of the Van Ness Avenue Property being sold for \$3,020,603 in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 and 2) An increase in expenses for the governmental actives by \$3,576,647 or 6% compared to the prior year; primarily as a result of the increase in PERS costs for Safety and an increased effort to address the compensated absences balances with payouts being made on a more frequent basis.

CITY OF GARDENA'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governme	ntal	Activities		Business -typ	e A	ctivities		TOTAL		
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenues:											_
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 10,293,404	\$	9,488,211	\$	3,437,068	\$	3,358,772	\$	13,730,472	\$	12,846,983
Operating grants and contributions	2,048,938		2,067,123		17,462,145		16,905,476		19,511,083		18,972,599
Capital grants and contributions General Revenues:	1,268,576		1,918,489		3,120,351		1,850,968		4,388,927		3,769,457
Property taxes	7,130,426		6,729,849						7,130,426		6,729,849
Sales and other taxes	39,908,425		39,492,953		-		-		39,908,425		39,492,953
Investment income and miscellaneous	2,390,959		3,066,198		96,130		69,115		2,487,089		3,135,313
Gain on sale of assets	883,201		1,877,151		90,130		09,113		883,201		1,877,151
Total Revenues:	63,923,929		64,639,974		24,115,694		22,184,331		88,039,623		86,824,305
Total Revenues.	03,723,727		04,037,774	_	24,113,074	_	22,104,331	_	00,037,023		00,024,303
Expenses:											
General government	5,848,247		5,730,664		-		-		5,848,247		5,730,664
Public safety	38,700,824		36,304,203		-		-		38,700,824		36,304,203
Public works	6,956,766		8,545,467		-		-		6,956,766		8,545,467
Recreation and human services	9,154,921		6,777,838		-		-		9,154,921		6,777,838
Community development	2,796,216		2,538,835		-		-		2,796,216		2,538,835
Interest and fiscal charges	1,382,078		1,365,398		-		-		1,382,078		1,365,398
Enterprise operations			-		29,955,943		27,457,075		29,955,943		27,457,075
Total Expenses:	64,839,052		61,262,405		29,955,943		27,457,075		94,794,995		88,719,480
Increase (decrease) in Net Position before other revenues and transfers	(915,123)		3,377,569		(5,840,249)		(5,272,744)		(6,755,372)		(1,895,175)
Transfers	9,898		3,221,449		(9,898)		(3,221,449)				-
Change in Net Position	(905,225)		6,599,018		(5,850,147)		(8,494,193)		(6,755,372)		(1,895,175)
Net position- beginning of year	(18,863,200)		(25,462,218)		41,083,207		49,577,400		22,220,007		24,115,182
Net position - end of year	\$ (19,768,425)	\$	(18,863,200)	\$	35,233,060	\$	41,083,207	\$	15,464,635	\$	22,220,007

City of Gardena Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)



Business-type Activities. The City's *business-type activities* decreased the net position by \$5,850,147 or 14.2% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Business-type activities revenue increased by \$1,931,363 or 8.7% compared to the prior year for a total \$24,115,694 in revenues at year-end. In comparison to the prior fiscal year, the charges for services increased by \$78,296 or 2.3%, due, in part, to an increase in sewer fee, which increased by \$281,353 or 41.8% compared to prior year. Operating grants and contributions increased by \$556,669 or 3.3% compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to the recognition of additional revenue in fiscal year 2016-2017 for OPEB. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$1,269,383 or 68.6% due to the electrification conversion of (4) electric buses in fiscal year 2016-2017, which cost approximately \$600,000 each. Investment income and miscellaneous increased \$27,015 or 39.1% compared to the prior year due to an increase in interest rates. Expenses for operations increased by \$2,498,868 or 9.1% compared to prior year, which was largely due to the increase in pension expense for GTRANS of \$875K and \$600K for the Sewer Fund pension expenses. Transfer Out expenses decreased by \$3,211,511, which was a result of in the prior year GTrans transferring back to the City the Van Ness Avenue property in the amount of \$3,020,603.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information about near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, an unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Council.

On June 30, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$37,725,844 an increase of \$1,374,384 or 3.8% in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 0.53% of this amount is \$200,000 and constitutes an *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, or assigned to indicate that it is: 1) not in spendable form \$294,133; 2) restricted for purposes \$10,116,987; 3) committed for purposes \$23,178,458; or 4) assigned for purposes \$3,936,266.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$200,000, while the total fund balance increased to \$23,887,145. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 0.37% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 44.8% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$3,017,157 during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. This was primarily related to 1) \$1,003,790 in proceeds received from the sale of the Ross Nor property and 2) \$1,107,784 received in reimbursement for AB 109 administration and allocation, 3) An increase of \$804K in Transfers in because of the City being fully reimbursed for the services it provides to its Gas Tax Fund for the first time. The Top 5 Revenue generators, which make up 71% of the General Fund Original Adopted Budget for Fiscal Year 2016-2017, was down (\$1,086,878), which was primarily a result of the Card Club being down (\$1,076,109) compared to the Budget as the Normandie Casino was sold to new ownership in July 2016 and that new ownership, which plans to renovate the casino needs time to generate a stable revenue base. Sales tax revenue was down by (\$186,945), Property Taxes increased by \$463,153 as the City continues with new Development, Utility Users Tax was down (\$602,264) as Electrical revenue continues to decline with the state offering one-time rebates for Electrical Commercial users and Motor Vehicle In-Lieu up by \$315,287.

The economic development grants fund, a major fund, had a decrease of (\$61,059) in fund balance during the fiscal year primarily due to the increase of \$156K paid in State Home loans during fiscal year 2016-2017.

The debt service fund, a major fund, had a decrease of \$(754,931) in fund balance during the fiscal year, due to annual debt service payments made during the year and the 2006 Certificate of Participation, Series C being refunded by the 2017 Direct Finance Lease, which resulted in a \$112,585 economic gain and \$89,363 savings in debt service, to bring the year-end fund balance to \$1,924,432.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of GTrans at the end of the fiscal year was \$(15,533,107) and for sewer maintenance was \$(357,997). The total decrease in net position for both funds was \$2,846,120 and \$812,833 respectively. GTrans and the Sewer Fund decreases in net position are predominantly due to the increase in pension expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final amended budget for revenue is less than one percent more than the original budget. Actual revenue was higher than the final amended budget by 2.9% or \$1,546,996 because of the improved economy which led to the increases in miscellaneous category and license and permits. Miscellaneous revenue had the largest increase of \$1,497,440, this was primarily the result of the \$1,107,784 received in reimbursement for AB109 administration and allocation. The next largest increase was license and permits, which increased by \$513,574, because of the improved economy and thriving development within the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The final amended budget for combined General fund expenditures is \$75,930,642 or \$17,978,680 and 31% more than the original budget of \$57,951,962. On March 8, 2016, The City Council passed Resolution No. 6216, which amended the original expenditure budget for fiscal year 2015-2016 increasing the anticipated expenditures by \$15 Million this was to add a budgeted amount for the Construction of the Public Safety Facility, as this amount was not spent in Fiscal Year 2015-2016, this was added to the Budget for Fiscal Year 2016-2017. Actual expenditures were less than the final amended budget by 25% as the Public Safety Facility project incurred minimal expenditures in Fiscal Year 2016-2017. A detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the year ended June 30, 2017, is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$108,300,809 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, park facilities, roads, and highways. The total decrease in capital assets compared to prior year was \$2,477,729 or 2.2% primarily due to the increase in depreciation during the year.

CITY OF GARDENA'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of depreciation)

	Government	tal Activities	Business -ty	pe Activities	TOT	AL	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$6,541,402	\$6,541,402	\$12,956,405	\$12,956,405	\$ 19,497,807	\$19,497,807	
Monuments	46,151	46,151	-	-	46,151	46,151	
Construction in progress	699,733	2,105,300	346,287	180,034	1,046,020	2,285,334	
Total Non-depreciable assets	7,287,286	8,692,853	13,302,692	13,136,439	20,589,978	21,829,292	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Building/structures and improvements	7,295,683	8,090,495	31,198,709	32,221,618	38,494,392	40,312,113	
Buses	-	-	11,987,219	12,384,433	11,987,219	12,384,433	
Machinery and equipment	3,398,345	3,741,007	3,174,346	3,636,399	6,572,691	7,377,406	
Furniture and fixtures	-	-	9,772	14,857	9,772	14,857	
Infrastructure	-	-	724,315	758,004	724,315	758,004	
Street lights network	473,877	516,957	-	-	473,877	516,957	
Traffic lights network	2,420,756	2,852,116	-	-	2,420,756	2,852,116	
Roadway network	27,027,809	24,733,360		-	27,027,809	24,733,360	
Total depreciable assets (net)	40,616,470	39,933,935	47,094,361	49,015,311	87,710,831	88,949,246	
Total capital assets	47,903,756	48,626,788	60,397,053	62,151,750	108,300,809	110,778,538	

Major capital asset events during the 2016-2017 fiscal year included the following:

- ◆ Completion of the Pedestrian Safety Improvement Project 2016
- ◆ Completion of the Local Street Improvement Project 2016
- ◆ Completion of the Traffic Signal Upgrade

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 70-71 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$21,493,407. The City refunded the 2006 Certificate of Participation, Series C with the 2017 Direct Finance Lease and continued to maintain its loan payable.

City of Gardena Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

CITY OF GARDENA'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Government	tal Activities	TOTAL		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Refunding Revenue Bonds	\$10,950,000	\$11,040,000	\$10,950,000	\$11,040,000	
Certificates of Participation	9,170,000	11,770,000	9,170,000	11,770,000	
Direct Purchase Lease	1,635,000	-	1,635,000	-	
- Bond discount	(261,593)	(275,477)	(261,593)	(275,477)	
SCE On-Bill Financing Loan	111,443	124,548	111,443	124,548	
Loan Payable	3,200,986	3,114,763	3,200,986	3,114,763	
	24,805,836	25,773,834	24,805,836	25,773,834	

The City maintains an "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A1" rating with Moody's for its general obligation debt as of June 30, 2017.

Additional information about the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 72-76 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The economy of the City is based around the needs of its citizens, with over 71% of the City's General Fund operating revenues coming from its Top 5 revenue sources, which include: 1) Sales and Use Tax, 2) Card Club Gross Revenue Fees, 3) Property Taxes, 4) Utility Users Tax and 5) Vehicle License Fees.

The City's budget (2017-2018) projections take into account the historical trends and current economic factors and consultant recommendations. An increase in General Fund operating revenues of approximately \$1.04 million or 1.9% compared to the original adopted budget for 2016-2017 is anticipated with the amount projected to be \$55,644,723. For fiscal year 2017-2018, sales tax revenue is estimated to have an increase of \$400K or 3.4% compared to the 2016-2017 adopted budget. Card Club Gross Revenue Fees are estimated to remain flat, with no change in projections from the adopted budget from 2016-2017, this projection is based on the Normandie Casino being sold to new ownership in July 2016 and that new ownership, which plans to renovate the casino needing time to generate a stable revenue base. Property tax revenue is estimated at \$6.928 million, which represents an increase of \$303,000 or 4.6% from the 2016-2017 adopted budget, due to continuing improvement of real estate market projections for the upcoming years. Utility user tax projections are anticipated to increase by \$150,000 or 2.5% from the 2016-2017 adopted budget. Vehicle License fees are estimated at \$5.4 million an increase of \$150,000 or 2.9% from the 2016-2017 adopted budget. General Fund operating expenditures have been projected at \$55,631,785, an increase of \$1.04 million or 1.9 % compared to the 2016-2017 adopted budget. The budget reflects adjustments to retirement costs based on the increase in CalPERS contribution rates for 2017-2018, which are 22.2% for miscellaneous employees, 7% of this rate is being paid by the employees; and 59.2% for safety employees, 9% of this rate is being paid by the employees. It is estimated that the General Fund will have a fund balance of approximately \$23.8 million at the end of fiscal year 2017-2018.

City of Gardena Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's and to show the city's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Administrative Services Division, 1700 W. 162nd Street, Gardena, CA 90247.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Gardena Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 41,125,192	\$ 7,154,527	\$ 48,279,719		
Receivables, net	5,459,006	3,783,998	9,243,004		
Due from other government	384,042	-	384,042		
Internal balances	10,750,966	(10,750,966)	-		
Prepaid items	179,352	46,998	226,350		
Inventories	78,970	483,604	562,574		
Total current assets	57,977,528	718,161	58,695,689		
oncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and investments:					
Cash with fiscal agent	1,922,529	-	1,922,529		
Held by City	-	4,021,545	4,021,545		
Loan receivable	1,904,763	-	1,904,763		
Long-term receivables	53,637	-	53,637		
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable	7,287,286	13,302,692	20,589,978		
Depreciable, net	40,616,470	47,094,361	87,710,831		
Total capital assets	47,903,756	60,397,053	108,300,809		
Total noncurrent assets	51,784,685	64,418,598	116,203,283		
Total assets	109,762,213	65,136,759	174,898,972		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
peferred outflows of resources related to pension	19,381,325	4,583,131	23,964,456		
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,381,325	4,583,131	23,964,456		

City of Gardena Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2017

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,423,420	872,075	2,295,495
Accrued liabilities	245,605	96,746	342,351
Salaries and benefits payable	1,120,474	431,486	1,551,960
Retention payable	8,809	246,887	255,696
Deposits payable	1,791,755	-	1,791,755
Unearned revenue	33,093	7,354,308	7,387,401
Accrued interest payable	413,939	-	413,939
Long-term liabilities - due within one year	9,211,571	262,229	9,473,800
Total current liabilities	14,248,666	9,263,731	23,512,397
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year	38,528,092	1,048,914	39,577,006
Net other postemployment benefit obligation (Note 11)	23,422,689	5,838,944	29,261,633
Aggregate net pension liabilities (Note 10)	70,409,957	17,657,493	88,067,450
Total noncurrent liabilities	132,360,738	24,545,351	156,906,089
Total liabilities	146,609,404	33,809,082	180,418,486
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	2,302,559	677,748	2,980,307
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,302,559	677,748	2,980,307
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	28,138,906	60,150,166	88,289,072
Employment and training services	43,611	_	43,611
Law enforcement	914,062	-	914,062
Local street improvements	6,205,701	-	6,205,701
Economic development	1,986,202	-	1,986,202
Other purposes	651,830	-	651,830
Capital projects	295,912	-	295,912
Debt service	1,924,432		1,924,432
Total restricted	12,021,750		12,021,750
Unrestricted (deficit)	(59,929,081)	(24,917,106)	(84,846,187)
Total net position	\$ (19,768,425)	\$ 35,233,060	\$ 15,464,635

City of Gardena Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenues					
			Operating	Capital	Total		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Program		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenues		
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 5,848,247	\$ 3,504,735	\$ 19,121	\$ -	\$ 3,523,856		
Public safety	38,700,824	1,422,001	599,265	46,132	2,067,398		
Public works	6,956,766	615,289	-	1,222,444	1,837,733		
Recreation and human services	9,154,921	2,979,625	490,239	-	3,469,864		
Community development	2,796,216	1,771,754	940,313	-	2,712,067		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,382,078						
Total governmental activities	64,839,052	10,293,404	2,048,938	1,268,576	13,610,918		
Business-type Activities:							
Municipal bus line	28,195,640	2,482,516	17,462,145	3,120,351	23,065,012		
Sewer	1,760,303	954,552			954,552		
Total business-type activities	29,955,943	3,437,068	17,462,145	3,120,351	24,019,564		
Total primary government	\$ 94,794,995	\$ 13,730,472	\$ 19,511,083	\$ 4,388,927	\$ 37,630,482		

City of Gardena Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$ (2,324,391)	\$ -	\$ (2,324,391)			
Public safety	(36,633,426)	-	(36,633,426)			
Public works	(5,119,033)	-	(5,119,033)			
Recreation and human services	(5,685,057)	-	(5,685,057)			
Community development	(84,149)	-	(84,149)			
Interest and fiscal charges	(1,382,078)		(1,382,078)			
Total governmental activities	(51,228,134)		(51,228,134)			
Business-type Activities:						
Municipal bus line	-	(5,130,628)	(5,130,628)			
Sewer	_ _	(805,751)	(805,751)			
Total business-type activities		(5,936,379)	(5,936,379)			
Total primary government	(51,228,134)	(5,936,379)	(57,164,513)			
General revenues and transfers:						
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	7,130,426	-	7,130,426			
Sales taxes	11,204,697	-	11,204,697			
Business license	2,606,279	-	2,606,279			
UUT	5,147,736	-	5,147,736			
Franchise taxes	2,440,108	-	2,440,108			
Card club	8,975,991	-	8,975,991			
Vehicle license - unrestricted	5,677,909	-	5,677,909			
Other taxes Total taxes	3,855,705 47,038,851		3,855,705 47,038,851			
		77. (10				
Investment income	129,187	77,618	206,805			
Miscellaneous	2,261,772	18,512	2,280,284			
Gain on sale of property	883,201		883,201			
Total general revenues	50,313,011	96,130	50,409,141			
Transfers	9,898	(9,898)				
Changes in net position	(905,225)	(5,850,147)	(6,755,372)			
Net position - beginning of year	(18,863,200)	41,083,207	22,220,007			
Net position - end of year	\$ (19,768,425)	\$ 35,233,060	\$ 15,464,635			

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund - To account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Economic Development Grants Special Revenue Fund - To account for the seven funds used for housing and environmental issues. Four of the funds receive pass-through funding from the California Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") or program income to assist cities, counties and non profit community housing development organizations to create and retain affordable housing. Eligible activities include housing rehabilitation loans to benefit lower income owners and loans for development of the low income senior rental property. One fund is used to provide off-street parking in described areas and to provide park or recreational facilities using fees received from the developers as required by the City's ordinance. Two funds receive funding from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). These grants are used to empower communities and other stakeholders in economic redevelopment to work together in a timely manner to prevent, assess, safely clean up, and sustainably use brownfields (previously unusable land).

City Debt Service Fund - To account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - To account for the aggregate of all the nonmajor governmental funds.

City of Gardena Balance Sheet **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2017

	Major Funds				
	General	Economic Development Grants Special	City Debt Service		
	Fund	Revenue			
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 20,489,704	\$ 3,860,358	\$ -		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	-	1,922,529		
Receivables:			3- 3- -		
Accounts	955,731	_	-		
Taxes	4,001,456	-	-		
Interest	87,965	-	-		
Employees	48,397	-	-		
Loans	-	1,904,763	-		
Inventories	78,970	-	-		
Prepaid items and deposits	166,766	-	4,323		
Due from other governments	122,648	-	-		
Due from other funds	2,084,954	-	-		
Long-term receivables	53,637				
Total assets	\$ 28,090,228	\$ 5,765,121	\$ 1,926,852		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:	Ф (92.670	Ф 12.424	¢ 2.420		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 683,679 54,631	\$ 13,424	\$ 2,420		
Salaries and benefits payable	1,068,358	-	-		
Due to other funds	1,008,338	172	-		
Retention payable	-	1/2	-		
Deposits payable	1,777,157	-	_		
Unearned revenues	30,002	_	_		
Total Liabilities	3,613,827	13,596	2,420		
Defermed inflammed accounts					
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue	589,256	1,904,763	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	589,256	1,904,763			
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	294,133	_	_		
Restricted	43,611	81,439	1,924,432		
Committed	19,413,135	3,765,323	, , , <u>-</u>		
Assigned	3,936,266	-	-		
Unassigned	200,000				
Total fund balances	23,887,145	3,846,762	1,924,432		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 28,090,228	\$ 5,765,121	\$ 1,926,852		

City of Gardena Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	8,338,594	\$	32,688,656
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		1,922,529
Receivables:				
Accounts		348,887		1,304,618
Taxes		16,570		4,018,026
Interest		-		87,965
Employees		-		48,397
Loans		-		1,904,763
Inventories		-		78,970
Prepaid items and deposits		6,117		177,206
Due from other governments		261,394		384,042
Due from other funds		-		2,084,954
Long-term receivables		-		53,637
Total assets	\$	8,971,562	\$	44,753,763
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	475,285	\$	1,174,808
Accrued liabilities		7,879		62,510
Salaries and benefits payable		52,116		1,120,474
Due to other funds		359,818		359,990
Retention payable		8,809		8,809
Deposits payable		-		1,777,157
Unearned revenues		150		30,152
Total Liabilities		904,057		4,533,900
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue				2,494,019
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		2,494,019
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable		-		294,133
Restricted		8,067,505		10,116,987
Committed		-		23,178,458
Assigned		-		3,936,266
Unassigned		_		200,000
Total fund balances		8,067,505		37,725,844
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	ø	0.071.563	ø	44 752 762
resources, and fund balances	\$	8,971,562	\$	44,753,763

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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City of Gardena Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 37,725,844
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the	ne funds:
Amount reported in government-wide statement of position:	
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,287,286
* * *	,741,864
Less accumulated depreciation (59	,125,394) 47,903,756
Interest is recognized when due, and therefore, interest payable is not reported in the governmenta	al funds. (413,939)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not rethe Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet.	eported in
Long-term liabilities - due within one year (net of \$7,056,926 reported in Internal Service Fund	(2,154,645)
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year (net of \$8,225,155 reported in Internal Service	e Funds) (30,302,937)
Net OPEB obligation is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not report governmental funds.	
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not rethe governmental funds.	
Pension related deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds but are in the government-wide financial statements.	e reported 19,381,325
Pension related deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds but are in government- wide financial statements.	e reported (2,302,559)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general liability, compensation and health benefit claims to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of th service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Stateme. Position (net of \$9,026,002 allocated to business-type activities).	e internal
Revenues earned but not available to pay for current expenditures for governmental funds are una	vailable. 2,494,019
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (19,768,425)

City of Gardena Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Major Funds				
			Economic	_	
	General		Development		
			Grants Special	City	
	Fur	nd	Revenue	Debt Service	
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ 44	,458,251	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	1	,800,752	-	-	
Intergovernmental		552,574	85,079	-	
Charges for services		,155,573	-	-	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	1	,012,912	-	-	
Use of money and property		8,168	35,058	1,066	
Miscellaneous	2	,245,601	198,154		
Total revenues	55	,233,831	318,291	1,066	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		,914,416	-	-	
Public safety		,590,652	-	-	
Public works		,427,646	-	-	
Recreation and human services		,197,077	-	-	
Community development	1	,654,980	356,000	-	
Capital outlay		573,602	1,351	-	
Debt service:		12 105		2 (00 000	
Principal retirement		13,105	96.222	2,690,000	
Interest and fiscal charges			86,223	1,345,418	
Total expenditures	53	,371,478	443,574	4,035,418	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	1	062 252	(125, 202)	(4.02.4.252)	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1	,862,353	(125,283)	(4,034,352)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	_				
Transfers in		,100,008	-	1,644,421	
Transfers out		,948,994)	(21,999)	-	
Proceed from sale of assets	1	,003,790	-	-	
Issuance of loans		-	86,223	1 (25 000	
Proceeds from issuance of refunding debt		<u> </u>		1,635,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	,154,804	64,224	3,279,421	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3	,017,157	(61,059)	(754,931)	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of Year		,869,988	3,907,821	2,679,363	
End of Year	\$ 23	,887,145	\$ 3,846,762	\$ 1,924,432	

City of Gardena Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 2,388,958	\$ 46,847,209	
Licenses and permits	-	1,800,752	
Intergovernmental	4,912,219	5,549,872	
Charges for services	-	5,155,573	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	89,323	1,102,235	
Use of money and property	84,894	129,186	
Miscellaneous	500,295	2,944,050	
Total revenues	7,975,689	63,528,877	
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	-	4,914,416	
Public safety	386,546	36,977,198	
Public works	636,839	4,064,485	
Recreation and human services	2,433,957	8,631,034	
Community development	746,881	2,757,861	
Capital outlay	2,774,528	3,349,481	
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	2,703,105	
Interest and fiscal charges	- _	1,431,641	
Total expenditures	6,978,751	64,829,221	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	996,938	(1,300,344)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	2,743,504	6,487,933	
Transfers out	(4,587,973)	(6,558,966)	
Proceed from sale of assets	20,748	1,024,538	
Issuance of loans	-	86,223	
Proceeds from issuance of refunding debt	<u></u>	1,635,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,823,721)	2,674,728	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(826,783)	1,374,384	
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of Year	8,894,288	36,351,460	
End of Year	\$ 8,067,505	\$ 37,725,844	

City of Gardena Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:		\$ 1,374,384
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Acquisition of capital assets was reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The following was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period:		
Capital outlay (\$757,430 of capital outlay expenditures were for current public works expenditures for repairs and maintenance and therefore, were not capitalized)		2,592,051
The net effect of disposal of capital assets.		(141,337)
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(3,173,746)
The fund financial statements record interest expenditures on the current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year.		63,447
Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		389,030
Other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. Other postemployment benefit expenses Pension credit (expense) net of reporting contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension	\$ (2,151,389)	
expense in the governmental fund in the amount of \$6,655,533.	1,852,202	(299,187)
Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.		
Principal repayments of long-term debt Interest accrual on loans payables	2,703,105 (86,223)	
issuance of refunding debt	(1,635,000)	
Amortization of bond discount	(13,884)	967,998
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities (net of \$2,191,194 allocated to business-type activities).		(2,189,716)
Unavailable revenue is not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds since the revenue is not available		
to fund expenditures of the current year.		(488,149)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (905,225)

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Gardena Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Business-typ	pe Activities		Governmental Activities
	Municipal	Non-Major		Internal
	Bus Line	Sewer	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,911,216	\$ 243,311	\$ 7,154,527	\$ 8,436,536
Restricted cash	4,021,545	-	4,021,545	-
Receivables, net:				
Accounts	930,449	145,809	1,076,258	-
Inventories	483,604	-	483,604	-
Prepaid items and deposits	45,325	1,673	46,998	2,146
Due from other governments	2,707,740		2,707,740	
Total current assets	15,099,879	390,793	15,490,672	8,438,682
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net	59,722,652	674,401	60,397,053	
Total noncurrent assets	59,722,652	674,401	60,397,053	
Total assets	74,822,531	1,065,194	75,887,725	8,438,682
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	4,390,796	192,335	4,583,131	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,390,796	192,335	4,583,131	

City of Gardena Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Business-ty	pe Activities			
	Municipal	Non-Major		Internal	
	Bus Line	Sewer	Total	Service Funds	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	826,980	45,095	872,075	248,612	
Accrued liabilities	96,746	-	96,746	183,095	
Salaries and benefits payable	409,301	22,185	431,486	-	
Deposits payable	-	-	-	14,598	
Retention payable	246,887	-	246,887	-	
Due to other funds	1,724,964	-	1,724,964	-	
Unearned revenue	7,354,308	-	7,354,308	2,941	
Compensated absences, due within one year	241,351	20,878	262,229	-	
Claims payable, due within one year				7,056,926	
Total current liabilities	10,900,537	88,158	10,988,695	7,506,172	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	965,403	83,511	1,048,914	_	
Claims payable, due in more than one year	· -	· -	-	8,225,155	
Net other postemployment benefit obligation (Note 11)	5,838,944	-	5,838,944		
Aggregate net pension liabilities (Note 10)	16,916,479	741,014	17,657,493		
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,720,826	824,525	24,545,351	8,225,155	
Total liabilities	34,621,363	912,683	35,534,046	15,731,327	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	649,306	28,442	677,748	_	
Total deferred inflows of resources	649,306	28,442	677,748	-	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	59,475,765	674,401	60,150,166	_	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(15,533,107)	(357,997)	(15,891,104)	(7,292,645)	
Total net position	\$ 43,942,658	\$ 316,404	\$ 44,259,062	\$ (7,292,645)	
Net position reconciliation:					
Net position of proprietary funds	\$ 43,942,658	\$ 316,404	\$ 44,259,062	\$ (7,292,645)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of	4 10,5 1=,000			+ (/,=>=,+)	
internal service fund activities related to the					
Municipal Bus Line	(9,026,002)	_	(9,026,002)	9,026,002	
Net position of business-type activities	\$ 34,916,656	\$ 316,404	\$ 35,233,060		
Net position related to governmental activities				\$ 1,733,357	
				(Concluded)	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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City of Gardena Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	*		lon-Major	-			Activities Internal	
				Sewer		Total	Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Other	\$	2,377,830 104,686	\$	954,552	\$	3,332,382 104,686	\$	9,514,181 527,879
Total operating revenues		2,482,516		954,552		3,437,068		10,042,060
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits Insurance claims		14,306,225		1,200,779		15,507,004		9,831,985
General and administrative Depreciation		5,011,844 4,641,853		349,421 134,463		5,361,265 4,776,316		4,755,584
Other operating expenses		2,044,524		75,640		2,120,164		-
Total operating expenses	-	26,004,446		1,760,303		27,764,749	-	14,587,569
OPERATING (LOSS)		(23,521,930)		(805,751)		(24,327,681)		(4,545,509)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
Local transportation fund		5,110,136		_		5,110,136		_
Other local assistance		9,226,213		_		9,226,213		_
Federal transit assistance		2,697,519		-		2,697,519		-
Other state assistance		111,484	-		111,484			-
State transit assistance fund		316,793		-		316,793		-
Interest income		74,802		2,816		77,618		83,668
Other revenues		18,512				18,512		
Total nonoperating revenues		17,555,459		2,816		17,558,275		83,668
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(5,966,471)		(802,935)		(6,769,406)		(4,461,841)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:								
Capital contributions		3,120,351		-		3,120,351		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		80,931
Transfers out				(9,898)		(9,898)		
Total contributions and transfers		3,120,351		(9,898)		3,110,453		80,931
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(2,846,120)		(812,833)		(3,658,953)		(4,380,910)
NET POSITION:								
Beginning of the year		46,788,778		1,129,237		47,918,015		(2,911,735)
End of the year	\$	43,942,658	\$	316,404	\$	44,259,062	\$	(7,292,645)
Change in net position reconciliation: Change in net position of proprietary funds Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the	\$	(2,846,120)	\$	(812,833)	\$	(3,658,953)	\$	(4,380,910)
Municipal Bus Line	Φ.	(2,191,194)		(010 000)		(2,191,194)		2,191,194
Change in net position of business-type activities	\$	(5,037,314)	\$	(812,833)	\$	(5,850,147)		
Change in net position related to governmental activities							\$	(2,189,716)

City of Gardena Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities							Governmental Activities	
		Municipal Bus Line		Non-major Sewer		Total	Se	Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Bus Eme			Sewei		Total		Service Fullu	
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from claims and recoveries Payments for insurance claims	\$	1,622,392	\$	868,702	\$	2,491,094	\$	9,514,181 527,879 (6,158,285)	
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other receipts		(6,316,057) (13,543,649) 123,198		(395,444) (585,880)		(6,711,501) (14,129,529) 123,198		(4,431,671)	
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(18,114,116)		(112,622)		(18,226,738)		(547,896)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Transfers from other funds		1,724,964		-		1,724,964		1,102,425	
Transfers to other funds Transit assistance funds received		19,229,465		-		- 19,229,465		(1,081,993)	
Net cash provided by		17,227,403	-			17,227,403			
noncapital financing activities		20,954,429				20,954,429		20,432	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Transfers to capital projects Acquisition of capital assets Receipt from capital grants		(2,774,732) 3,120,351		(9,898)		(9,898) (2,774,732) 3,120,351		- - -	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		345,619		(9,898)		335,721			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:									
Interest received		74,802		2,816		77,618		83,668	
Net cash provided by investing activities		74,802		2,816		77,618		83,668	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,260,734		(119,704)		3,141,030		(443,796)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:									
Beginning of year		7,672,027		363,015		8,035,042		8,880,332	
End of year	\$	10,932,761	\$	243,311	\$	11,176,072	\$	8,436,536	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:									
Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$	6,911,216 4,021,545	\$	243,311	\$	7,154,527 4,021,545	\$	8,436,536	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,932,761	\$	243,311	\$	11,176,072	\$	8,436,536	

City of Gardena Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities						_	overnmental Activities
	Municipal Bus Line		Non-major Sewer		Total		Internal Service Fund	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITES:								
Operating (loss)	\$	(23,521,930)	\$	(805,751)	\$	(24,327,681)	\$	(4,545,509)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		4,641,853		134,463		4,776,316		-
Other revenue		18,512		-		18,512		-
(Increase) decrease in:								
Accounts receivable		(755,438)		(85,850)		(841,288)		-
Inventory		26,757		-		26,757		-
Prepaid items and deposits		(24,663)		(1,673)		(26,336)		-
Increase (decrease) in:								
Accounts payable		649,187		31,290		680,477		128,400
Accrued liabilities		89,030		-		89,030		183,095
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		2,941
Accrued payroll		25,914		7,003		32,917		-
Compensated absences		33,154		30,775		63,929		-
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		(3,227,208)		(192,335)		(3,419,543)		-
Net pension liabilities		4,522,170		741,014		5,263,184		-
Net other postemployment benefits liability		327,580		-		327,580		-
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		(919,034)		28,442		(890,592)		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		9,477
Claims payable								3,673,700
Total adjustment		5,407,814		693,129		6,100,943		3,997,613
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(18,114,116)	\$	(112,622)	\$	(18,226,738)	\$	(547,896)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in the capacity of agent for individuals. Agency Fund spending is controlled primarily through legal agreements and applicable State and Federal laws.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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City of Gardena Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

ASSETS:		Agency Funds
Cash and investments Total assets	\$ \$	5,885 5,885
LIABILITIES:		
Deposit payable Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	5,885 5,885

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Gardena, California, (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated September 11, 1930, under the General Laws of the State of California. The City is governed by an elected five-member council.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity are the governing body's financial accountability and a financial benefit or burden relationship and whether it is misleading to exclude. A primary government is financially accountable and shares a financial benefit or burden relationship, if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

Management determined that the following component unit should be blended based on the criteria above:

Although the following is legally separate from the City, it has been "blended" as though it is part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component unit; and/or the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

<u>City of Gardena Financing Agency</u> - The City of Gardena Financing Agency ("the Agency") was created primarily to finance the acquisition of a public parking structure. The members of the City Council serve as the governing board of the Agency and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the Agency. The Agency does not issue separate financial statements.

The City had no discretely presented component units.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

The statement of net position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

<u>Government – Wide Financial Statements</u>

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Fiduciary activities are not included in these statements.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due from and to other funds
- Transfers in and out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available". Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For these purposes, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property taxes, other local taxes, franchise fees, forfeitures and penalties, motor license fees, rents and concessions, interest revenue, and state and federal grants and subventions. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Reconciliations of the fund financial statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences.

Certain indirect costs are included as part of the program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- > General Fund The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- Economic Development Grants Special Revenue Fund The Economic Development Grants Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report housing and environmental activities, including funding received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and to account for fees received from developers to fund parking, and park and recreation facilities.
- > <u>City Debt Service Fund</u> The City Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities and business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City's internal service funds include three individual funds which provide services directly to other City funds. These areas of service include general liability, workers' compensation, and health benefits.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

- > <u>Municipal Bus Line Fund</u> The Municipal Bus Line Fund accounts for user charges, fees, federal, state and county grants and all operating costs associated with the operation of the City's bus line.
- > <u>Sewer Fund</u> The Sewer Fund accounts for user charges, fees and all operating costs associated with the operation, maintenance, upgrade and periodic reconstructions of the City's sanitary sewer system.
- ➤ <u>Internal Service Funds</u> The Internal Service Funds account for financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The City considers Municipal Bus Line Fund as major fund for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities. The City's fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The City maintains one agency fund: LA CLEAR – Training as of June 30, 2017. During fiscal year of June 30, 2017, the City closed BSSC Trust/AB109 Parole Compliance agency fund.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All cash and investments of proprietary funds are held in the City's investment pool. These cash pools have the general characteristics of a demand deposit account, therefore, all cash and investments in the proprietary funds are considered cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows purposes.

Investments are stated at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate thereof).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Cash and investments with fiscal agents are restricted for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

E. Fair Value Measurement

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosure about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- ➤ Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from/to other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances".

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories within the various fund types consist of materials and supplies which are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Reported expenditures reflect the consumption method of recognizing inventory-related expenditures.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

A nonspendable fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that inventories and prepaid items do not constitute "available spendable resources", even though they are a component of net current assets.

H. Capital Assets

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated original cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City defines infrastructure assets as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on construction-related debt incurred during the period of construction for business-type assets is capitalized as a cost of the constructed assets. Capital assets acquired under capital lease are capitalized at the net present value of the total lease payments.

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the "Basic Approach".

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The lives used for depreciation purposes are as follows:

Buildings/structures and improvements	40 years
Machinery and equipment	3-15 years
Buses	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-10 years
Infrastructure	30-60 years

I. Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities.

In the Fund Financial Statements, only proprietary fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

J. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues are prepaid charges for services and grants received but not yet earned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to accrue annual leave when incurred in the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the proprietary funds. In governmental funds, the costs for annual leave that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and reported as a liability of the governmental fund only if they have matured.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination benefits, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness) which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

L. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 10). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

CalPERS

Valuation Date June 30, 2015 Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Measurement Period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

M. Claims Payable

Claims payable in the Internal Service Fund represents estimates of claims against the City. The estimated claims payable represents the City's best estimate of the amount to be paid on workers' compensation and general liability claims. Losses for claims incurred but not reported are also recorded if the probable amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The City is self-insured for general liability in the amount of \$750,000 per claim and workers' compensation for \$500,000 per claim. Losses in excess of \$500,000, up to \$10,000,000 for general liability, and in excess of \$500,000, up to \$1,000,000 for workers' compensation, are covered by outside insurance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Long-Term Debt

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term liabilities. Consequently, long-term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

O. Property Taxes

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties for up to 1% of assessed property value, plus other increases approved by the voters. Property taxes collected are pooled and then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas. The following are key dates pertaining to property taxes:

January 1 Lien Date
June 30 Levy Date
November 1 and February 1 Due Dates
December 10 and April 10 Collection Dates

Distribution Dates:

November 18, 2016 Unsecured, redemptions, and SB813 taxes December 20, 2016 Homeowners' exemption, secured, and SB813 taxes January 20, 2017 Homeowners' exemption, secured, and SB813 taxes February 17, 2017 Redemptions, secured, and SB813 taxes March 20, 2017 Secured and SB813 taxes April 20, 2017 Secured and SB813 taxes May 19, 2017 Redemptions, homeowners' exemption, secured, and SB813 taxes June 20, 2017 Homeowners' exemption, SB813 taxes July 20, 2017 Secured and SB813 taxes August 18, 2017 Secured, redemptions, unsecured, and SB813 taxes

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Net Position and Fund Balances

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Nonspendable fund balances are items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories, or items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, normally the governing body, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City. Adoption of a resolution by the City Council is required to commit resources or to rescind the commitment.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has authorized by resolution the City Finance Officer for that purpose.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

Spending Policy

Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available, the City's policy is to apply the restricted component of net position first, then the unrestricted component of net position as needed.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which all restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance:

- Restricted
- Unassigned
- Committed
- Assigned

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Accounting Changes

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosure* - This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements: 1) Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients. 2) The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period 3) Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement. This statement did not have a significant impact on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans* - This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employer, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. This statement did not have a significant impact on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Accounting Changes (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* - The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. This statement did not have a significant impact on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues* - The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. This statement did not have a significant impact on the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Deficit Net Position

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the City had a deficit unrestricted net position at June 30, 2017 for its governmental activities of \$(59,929,081) and business-type activities of \$(24,917,106). The deficit was mainly due to the reporting of the net pension liabilities on the financial statements since 2015. The aggregate net pension liabilities reported were \$70,409,957 and \$17,657,493 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

The following funds had a deficit net position at June 30, 2017:

Internal Service Funds:

Liability Insurance Fund \$ (8,487,825) Workers' Compensation Fund (3,799,582)

In addition, the Municipal Bus Line had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$(15,533,107) at June 30, 2017. Sewer had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$(357,997) at June 30, 2017.

The net position balance includes both short and long-term liabilities. The deficit balances are expected to be recovered through future interfund transfers and other revenues as applicable for this purpose.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations:

Fund	Appropriations	riations Expenditures			Excess of enditures over opropriations
Major Governmental Funds:	 _				_
General Fund					
General government:					
City treasurer	\$ 250,412	\$	280,572	\$	(30,160)
Non-departmental	757,181		878,788		(121,607)
Public Safety:					
Police	25,425,524		26,429,691		(1,004,167)
Public works	3,394,913		3,427,646		(32,733)
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-		13,105		(13,105)
Economic Development Grants Sepcial Revenue Fund:					
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	-		86,223		(86,223)
City Debt Service Fund:					
Principal retirement	730,000		2,690,000		(1,960,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,241,979		1,345,418		(103,439)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
Public Works Grants Special Revenue Fund					
Public works	30,834		67,986		(37,152)
Human Services Grants Special Revenue Fund					
Recreation and human services	2,271,427		2,433,957		(162,530)
Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund					
Community development	738,903		746,881		(7,978)

The excess expenditures were covered by carryover funds from the prior year, sufficient revenues, and/or transfers from other available funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds. Certain restricted funds which are held and invested by independent outside custodians through contractual agreements are not pooled. These restricted funds include cash and investments with fiscal agents.

The City had the following cash and investments at June 30, 2017:

		Government-Wide Financial Statement						
	G	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Fiduciary Funds		Total
Cash and investments	\$	41,125,192		7,154,527	\$	5,885	\$	48,285,604
Restricted cash held by the City		-		4,021,545		-		4,021,545
Cash and investments held by fiscal agents		1,922,529						1,922,529
Total cash and investments	\$	43,047,721	\$	11,176,072	\$	5,885	\$	54,229,678

The City's cash and investments at June 30, 2017, in more detail:

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Petty cash	\$ 6,860
Demand deposits	7,212,159
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,219,019
Investments:	
Money market mutual fund	8,155,354
Negotiable certificates of deposit	7,749,390
Local Agency Investment Fund	20,743,971
U.S. Government sponsored enterprise securities	7,438,845
Medium-term notes	1,000,570
Total investments	45,088,130
Total cash and investments	52,307,149
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,922,529
Total	\$ 54,229,678

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

A. Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$7,212,159 at June 30, 2017. Bank balances at that date were \$8,930,643, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with accounts held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The City did not waive the collateral requirement for deposits insured by FDIC.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

B. Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio *	One Issuer
United States Treasury Obligations	5 years	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprise Securities	5 years	No Limit	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	No Limit
Commercial paper	270 days	15%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	No Limit
Repurchase agreements	90 days	N/A	No Limit
Reverse repurchase agreements	90 days	20%	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Non-negotiable certificates of deposits	5 years	25%	No Limit
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	15%
Mutual funds	5 years	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	90 days	20%	No Limit
Investment Trust of California ("CalTrust")	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
NT/A NT / A 1' 11			

N/A - Not Applicable

^{*} Excluding amounts held by bond trustees that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2017, included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Baked Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u>: debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>: generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had \$20,743,971 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.89% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. The fair value of the City's portion in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

C. Fair Value Measurement

At June 30, 2017, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments on a recurring basis and the levels with GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2017:

	Measurement Input								
		Significant							
	Oth	er Observable							
		Inputs							
Investment Type		(Level 2)	U	ncategorized		Total			
Money market mutual fund	\$	-	\$	8,155,354	\$	8,155,354			
Negotiable certificates of deposit		7,749,390		-		7,749,390			
Local Agency Investment Fund		-		20,743,971		20,743,971			
U.S. Government sponsored enterprise securities		7,438,845		-		7,438,845			
Medium-term notes		1,000,570		-		1,000,570			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents:									
Money market mutual fund			_	1,922,529		1,922,529			
Total	\$	16,188,805	\$	30,821,854	\$	47,010,659			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits investments to a maximum maturity of five years. At June 30, 2017, the City had the following investment maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Les	s Than 1 Year	1	to 2 Years	2	to 3 Years	3	to 4 Years	4	to 5 Years
Money market mutual fund	\$ 8,155,354	\$	8,155,354	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	7,749,390		1,053,311		1,983,075		1,993,134		2,230,906		488,964
Local Agency Investment Fund	20,743,971		20,743,971		-		-		-		
U.S. Government sponsored enterprise securities	7,438,845		500,005		1,493,260		997,420		496,900		3,951,260
Medium-term notes	1,000,570		1,000,570		-				-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents:											
Money market mutual fund	1,922,529		1,922,529		_						
Total	\$ 47,010,659	\$	33,375,740	\$	3,476,335	\$	2,990,554	\$	2,727,806	\$	4,440,224

<u>Credit Risk</u> - State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). It is the City's policy to limit its investments in these investment types to the top rating issued by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. At June 30, 2017, the City's credit risks, expressed on a percentage basis, were as follows:

Credit Quality Distribution for Securities with Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments

Investment Type	Moody's Credit Rating	S&P's Credit Rating	% of Investments with Interest Rate Risk
Local Agency Investment Fund	Not Rated	Not Rated	46.00%
Medium-term notes:			
Toyota Motor	AA3	AA-	2.22%
U.S. Government sponsored enterprise securities	AAA	AA+	16.50%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	Not Rated	Not Rated	17.19%
Money market mutual fund	P-1	Aa	18.09%
Total			100.00%

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 4 – Other Receivables

A. YMCA Receivables

In February 1994, the City entered into a long-term lease contract to lease land to the YMCA for construction of a new YMCA facility that would benefit the community. The facility opened on February 6, 1995 with a 30-year lease term, ending in 2024. Under the terms of the agreement, the maximum amount that the City could receive was \$1,400,000. This amount is payable in monthly payments, with annual rent adjustments over a 30-year lease term. In January 2017, the monthly payment was increased from \$112 to \$209 per month. At the adjustment date, annual rent was equal to total rent of \$1,400,000 less all previous payments, multiplied by the six-month average LAIF interest rate. The lease includes two 25-year options to renew and an option to purchase the land at the end of the lease for the amount of \$1,400,000 reduced by the amount already paid as of the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2017, future lease payments from the YMCA, including interest, were \$398,749 Since the City has not earned the revenue for the future lease payments, there was no revenue recognized or receivables reported at June 30, 2017 for these future lease payments.

B. State Mandated Claims Reimbursement

The City recorded an outstanding receivable of \$757,672 for the State Mandated Claims Reimbursement (SB90 Claims) from the State of California (the "State). The payments of the mandated claims reimbursement are subject to State approval and management cannot estimate the timing and amount of the payments that will be made and reported an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$757,672. As a result, both the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements and governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements reported zero balances for accounts receivable associated with the State Mandated Claims Reimbursement as of June 30, 2017.

Note 5 – Loans Receivable

A. Home-Owner Occupied Deferred Loans

		Balance				Balance
	Ju	ıly 1, 2016	 Additions	Deletions	Ju	ne 30, 2017
CalHOME	\$	405,453	\$ -	\$ (2,325)	\$	403,128
State HOME Loans		1,715,949	 10,000	(224,314)		1,501,635
	\$	2,262,728	\$ 10,000	\$ (226,639)	\$	1,904,763

The City issues deferred payment loans to home owners funded by the Federal Home Investment Partnerships Program ("HOME Program") and CalHOME to improve the living conditions of the lower income families. These loans are to be repaid to the City, and the repayments of the loans are used to fund future home-owner occupied deferred loans. As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding loan balance is \$1,904,763. Since the receivables were not available for current expenditures, the entire amount was reported under deferred inflow of resources as unavailable revenue in the Economic Development Grants Special Revenue Fund in the governmental fund financial statements, and was recognized as revenue in the government-wide governmental activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 5 – Loans Receivable (Continued)

B. Spring Park Senior Villa Developer Loan

The City entered into a development agreement on August 1, 2013, with Spring Park Senior Villa, Inc., a nonprofit organization for the development of the Spring Park Senior Villa in the City. The agreement provided funding for the development of 36 rental units and one manager unit ("the Project") up to \$2,874,115 for construction. The loan bears 3% simple interest over a term of 55 years. The repayment of the loan is based on the residual receipts of the rental units. The affordability covenant also expires in 55 years after completion of the project. As of June 30, 2017, the City funded \$2,874,115 for the development of the project and accrued interest in the amount of \$326,871 which was required by the State of California. This results the City in reporting loans receivable in the amount of \$3,200,986. However, management estimated that the loans will not be repaid due to negative residual receipts and reported an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$3,200,986. As a result, both the Economic Development Grants Special Revenue Fund in the governmental fund financial statements and governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements reported zero balances for loans receivable associated with the Spring Park Senior Villa as of June 30, 2017.

Note 6 – Interfund Transactions

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Internal Balances - At June 30, 2017, the City had the following internal receivable and payable, which represents internal service charges between the governmental activities and business-type activities:

	I	nternal Payable			
		Business-Type			
Internal Receivable		Activities			
Governmental Activities	\$	10,750,966			

Transfers - At June 30, 2017, the City had the following transfers:

	Trai	nsfers Out		
	Business-Type			
Transfers In	A	ctivities		
Governmental Activities	\$	9,898		

The purposes of the transfers were for reimbursing the governmental activities for public works engineering job costs and administrative costs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 6 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

B. Fund Financial Statements

Due From/To Other Funds - At June 30, 2017, the City had the following due from/to other funds:

	Due Fi	om Other Funds
Due To Other Funds]	eneral Fund
Governmental Funds:		
Economic Development Fund	\$	172
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		359,818
Proprietary Funds:		
Municipal Bus Line Fund		1,724,964
Total	\$	2,084,954

The above amounts resulted from temporary reclassifications made at June 30, 2017 to cover cash shortfalls.

Transfers In/Out - At June 30, 2017, the City had the following transfers in/out, which arise in the normal course of operations:

	Transfers In									
		Ge	over	nmental Fu	ıds			prietary Funds		
Transfers Out		General Fund	D	City ebt Service		Nonmajor overnmental	_	nternal vice Funds		Total
Governmental Funds:										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,644,421	\$	223,642	\$	80,931	\$	1,948,994
Economic Development Grants										
Special Revenue Fund		1		-		21,998		-		21,999
Nonmajor Governmental										
Funds		2,100,007		-		2,487,966		-		4,587,973
Enterprise Funds:										
Sewer				_		9,898		_		9,898
Total	\$	2,100,008	\$	1,644,421	\$	2,743,504	\$	80,931	\$	6,568,864

Administratively, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers was for reimbursing a fund that made expenditure on behalf of another fund, such as debt service, capital projects and internal service funds.

Note 7 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
		Balance						_		Balance
	June 30, 2016			Additions		eletions		Transfers	June 30, 2017	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	6,541,402	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,541,402
Monuments		46,151		-		-		-		46,151
Construction in progress		2,105,300		456,011		(65,973)		(1,795,605)		699,733
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		8,692,853		456,011		(65,973)		(1,795,605)		7,287,286
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings/structures and improvements		22,859,615		-		-		-		22,859,615
Machinery and equipment		8,615,025		583,313		(250,260)		-		8,948,078
Infrastructure:										
Street lights network		1,292,393		-		-		-		1,292,393
Traffic lights network		12,940,788		-		-		-		12,940,788
Roadway network		50,352,658		1,552,727				1,795,605		53,700,990
Total capital assets, being depreciated		96,060,479		2,136,040		(250,260)		1,795,605		99,741,864
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings/structures and improvements		(14,769,120)		(794,812)		-		-		(15,563,932)
Machinery and equipment		(4,874,018)		(850,611)		174,896		-		(5,549,733)
Infrastructure:										
Street light network		(775,436)		(43,080)		-		-		(818,516)
Traffic lights network		(10,088,672)		(431,360)		-		-		(10,520,032)
Roadway network		(25,619,298)		(1,053,883)		-		-		(26,673,181)
Total accumulated depreciation		(56,126,544)		(3,173,746)		174,896				(59,125,394)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		39,933,935		(1,037,706)		(75,364)		1,795,605		40,616,470
Governmental activities										
capital assets, net	\$	48,626,788	\$	(581,695)	\$	(141,337)	\$		\$	47,903,756

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 as follows:

General government	\$ 936,416
Public safety	482,195
Public works	1,676,545
Recreation and human services	69,423
Community development	9,167
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,173,746

Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

		Business-Type Activities								
	Balance			_	Balance					
	July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2017					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$ 12,956,405	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,956,405					
Construction in progress	180,034	166,253			346,287					
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,136,439	166,253			13,302,692					
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings/structures and improvements	39,893,428	-	-	-	39,893,428					
Buses	33,880,901	2,546,479	-	-	36,427,380					
Machinery and equipment	6,981,738	308,887	-	-	7,290,625					
Furniture and fixtures	1,339,189	-	-	-	1,339,189					
Infrastructure	11,184,496				11,184,496					
Total capital assets, being depreciated	93,279,752	2,855,366			96,135,118					
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings/structures and improvements	(7,671,810)	(1,022,909)	-	-	(8,694,719)					
Buses	(21,496,468)	(2,943,693)	-	-	(24,440,161)					
Machinery and equipment	(3,345,339)	(770,940)	-	-	(4,116,279)					
Furniture and fixtures	(1,324,332)	(5,085)	-	-	(1,329,417)					
Infrastructure	(10,426,492)	(33,689)			(10,460,181)					
Total accumulated depreciation	(44,264,441)	(4,776,316)			(49,040,757)					
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	49,015,311	(1,920,950)			47,094,361					
Business-type activities										
capital assets, net	\$ 62,151,750	\$ (1,754,697)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,397,053					

Depreciation expense for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 was charged as follows:

Municipal Bus Line	\$ 4,641,853
Sewer	134,463
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,776,316

Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due within	Due in more
	July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017	One Year	than One Year
2006 Refunding Certificates of						
Participation Series A	\$ 9,605,000	\$ -	\$ (435,000)	\$ 9,170,000	\$ 460,000	\$ 8,710,000
2006 Refunding Certificates of						
Participation Series C	2,165,000	-	(2,165,000)	-	-	-
2007 Refunding Revenue						
Bonds, Series A	1,930,000	-	(90,000)	1,840,000	95,000	1,745,000
2014 Taxable Lease Revenue						
Refunding Bonds	9,110,000	-	-	9,110,000	55,000	9,055,000
Bond discount - 2014 Taxable						
Lease Revenue Runding Bonds	(275,477)	-	13,884	(261,593)	-	(261,593)
2017 Direct Purchase Lease	-	1,635,000	-	1,635,000	-	1,635,000
2016 SCE On-Bill Financing Loan	124,548	-	(13,105)	111,443	14,296	97,147
Loan payable	3,114,763	86,223	-	3,200,986	-	3,200,986
Claims payable	11,608,381	4,069,633	(395,933)	15,282,081	7,056,926	8,225,155
Compensated absences	8,040,776	2,992,742	(3,381,772)	7,651,746	1,530,349	6,121,397
Sub Total	\$ 45,422,991	\$ 8,783,598	\$ (6,466,926)	\$ 47,739,663	\$ 9,211,571	\$ 38,528,092

Typically, the General Fund has been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, claims payable, and net other postemployment benefits.

2006 Certificates of Participation, Series A – Original Issuance \$12,495,000

In June 2006, the Agency issued the 2006 Refinancing Project, Series A Taxable Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$12,495,000. The purpose of the issue was to refinance the City's 1999 Certificates of Participation in connection with a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") entered into with certain financial institutions.

Pursuant to the MOU, the Agency paid the financial institutions \$19 million (the "Initial Amount") as prepayment of the 1999 Certificates, of which \$18 million were funded by the 2006 Series A and B Certificates and the balance of \$1 million from other available City funds. Upon payment of the Initial Amount, the 1999 Leases as well as the pledges and security interests granted in connection with the 1999 Leases will be terminated and the City's obligations under the Reimbursement Agreement for the 1999 Certificates will be terminated. The Initial Payment represents approximately 75% of the principal owed.

Interest rates for the 2006A Certificates range from 5.98% to 6.38% with principal maturing through July 1, 2030.

Mandatory prepayment of the 2006 Series A Certificates occurred in July 2008 and will occur again in July 2030. The certificates of participation debt service payments will be made from the debt service funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2006 Certificates of Participation, Series A – Original Issuance \$12,495,000 (Continued)

The amount outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$9,170,000.

The annual debt service requirements on these certificates are as follows:

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	Interest		Total
2018	\$	460,000	\$ 570,372	\$	1,030,372
2019		490,000	540,067		1,030,067
2020		520,000	507,848		1,027,848
2021		550,000	473,715		1,023,715
2022		585,000	437,509		1,022,509
2023-2027		3,545,000	1,556,561		5,101,561
2028-2031		3,020,000	 334,631		3,354,631
	\$	9,170,000	\$ 4,420,703	\$	13,590,703

2006 Certificates of Participation, Series C – Original Issuance \$3,650,000

In June 2006, the City issued the 2006 Series C Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$3,650,000. The proceeds were used to defease the 1994 Civic Center improvement Certificates of Participation, and were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments related to the 1994 issuance. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased debt are not included in the City's basic financial statements.

Interest rates range from 3.625% to 4.5% with the full amount maturing serially through July 1, 2024, in annual principal installments ranging from \$135,000 to \$285,000. The certificates of participation debt service payments will be made from the debt service funds.

The 2006 Certificates of Participation, Series C, was currently refunded by 2017 Direct Finance Lease. The economic gain on the current refunding was \$112,585 and the saving in debt service payments is \$89,363. The current refunding resulted in no deferred gains or losses as the bond proceeds net of the issuance discount was sufficient to cover repayment of 2006 Certificate of Participation, Series C, the interests due, and the issuance cost on the 2017 Direct finance Lease. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$0.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2007 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series A – Original Issuance \$2,800,000

In January 2007, the City issued the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A in the amount of \$2,800,000. The purpose of the bonds was to advance refund the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority Revenue Bonds, 2001 Series A, to provide a reserve fund for the Bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuance of the Bonds.

The bonds accrue interest at rates between 5% and 5.125%. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2007. Principal payments are due in annual installments ranging from \$70,000 to \$175,000, commencing July 1, 2007 through January 1, 2031. The bonds are subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity. The refunding revenue bonds debt service payments will be made from the debt service funds.

The amount outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$1,840,000.

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total	
2018	\$ 95,000	\$	92,825	\$	187,825	
2019	100,000		88,075		188,075	
2020	105,000		83,075		188,075	
2021	110,000		77,825		187,825	
2022	115,000		72,325		187,325	
2023-2027	655,000		270,375		925,375	
2028-2031	660,000		86,356		746,356	
	\$ 1,840,000	\$	770,856	\$	2,610,856	

2014 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds - Original Issuance \$9,110,000

In December 2014, the City issued the Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 in the amount of \$9,110,000 to current refund 2006 Certificate of Participation, Series B. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain in the amount of \$1,637,398 and saving in debt service payments in the amount of \$2,360,051. The current refunding resulted in no deferred gains or losses as the bond proceeds net of the issuance discount was sufficient to cover repayment of 2006 Certificates of Participation, Series B, the interests due, and the issuance cost on the 2014 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

The bonds bear interest at rates between 3.95% and 5%. Interest on the bonds is payable annually on each May 1 and November 1. Principal payments are due in annual installments ranging from \$55,000 to \$1,430,000, commencing May 1, 2018 through May 1, 2036. The bonds are subject to optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity. The refunding revenue bonds debt service payments will be made from the debt service funds.

The amount outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$9,110,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2014 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds – Original Issuance \$9,110,000 (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2018	\$	55,000	\$ 450,019	\$	505,019	
2019		55,000	447,846		502,846	
2020		60,000	445,674		505,674	
2021		60,000	443,304		503,304	
2022		65,000	440,934		505,934	
2023-2027		355,000	2,163,055		2,518,055	
2028-2032		3,390,000	1,945,373		5,335,373	
2033-2037		5,070,000	612,750		5,682,750	
	\$	9,110,000	\$ 6,948,954	\$	16,058,954	

2017 Direct Purchase Lease

In June 2017, the City issued the Direct Purchase Lease in the amount of \$1,635,000 to currently refund 2006 Certificate of Participation, Series C.

The bonds bear interest at 2.07%. Interest on the bonds is payable annually on each July 1. Principal payments are due in annual installments ranging from \$245,000 to \$285,000, commencing July 1, 2018 through July 1, 2023. The refunding revenue bonds debt service payments will be made from the debt service funds.

The amount outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$1,635,000.

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
2019		245,000		34,033		279,033	
2020		270,000		28,773		298,773	
2021		275,000		23,184		298,184	
2022		280,000		17,492		297,492	
2023-2024		565,000		17,596		582,596	
	\$	1,635,000	\$	121,078	\$	1,756,078	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 8 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2016 SCE On-Bill Financing Loan

On April 4, 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement with Southern California Edison for the Energy Management Solutions Incentives Application. The agreement provides zero- percent interest financing for the installation of certain energy efficient equipment for up to \$126,580, of which is to be repaid over a specified period through the Customer's electric utility bills.

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
2018	\$	14,296	\$	-	\$	14,296	
2019		14,296		-		14,296	
2020		14,296		-		14,296	
2021		14,296		-		14,296	
2022		14,296		-		14,296	
2023-2026		39,963				39,963	
	\$	111,443	\$	_	\$	111,443	

Loans Payable

On August 1, 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of California Department of Housing and Community Development ("California HCD") for the funding of the Spring Park Senior Villa. The agreement provides funding for the development of the project for up to \$2,974,115, of which, \$2,874,115 is to be used for construction costs in the form of a construction loan and \$100,000 to be used for activity delivery and administration costs in the form of grants. If the HOME-assisted rental housing does not meet the minimum affordability period of 55 years per the City's agreement with the California HCD, the repayment of all HOME funds to the State is required of the City. As of June 30, 2017, the City funded \$2,874,115 for the development of the project and accrued interest in the amount of \$326,871. This results in the loans payable in the amount of \$3,200,986 to the California HCD. Please refer to Note 5B for additional information.

B. Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017:

		Balance						Balance	D	ue within	D	ue in more
	Jı	ıly 1, 2016	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2017		One Year		than One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	1,247,214	\$	751,901	\$	(687,972)	\$	1,311,143	\$	262,229	\$	1,048,914
Total	\$	1,247,214	\$	751,901	\$	(687,972)	\$	1,311,143	\$	262,229	\$	1,048,914

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 9 – Self-Insurance Programs

Self-insurance programs of the City

The City is self-insured for the first \$500,000 and \$750,000 of each workers' compensation claim for the City and the Safety, respectively, \$500,000 of each general liability claim and \$300,000 of each Municipal Bus Line claim against the City. In addition, the City carries insurance of individual general liability claims in excess of \$600,000 to \$10,000,000 with Everest National Insurance Co. Additionally, the City has health insurance coverage for the employees and their families with an annual maximum amount of \$1 million for all services.

The City carries stop-loss insurance of individual health benefit claims in excess of \$50,000 to \$950,000 per person per year. At June 30, 2017, \$15,282,081 has been accrued for the City's self-insurance programs, of which \$7,056,926 is considered to be current. Said accruals represent estimates of amounts to be paid for reported claims and incurred but unreported claims based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amounts of losses incurred through June 30, 2017 are dependent on future developments, based upon information provided from the City Attorney, outside counsel and others involved with the administration of the programs, City management believes that the aggregate accrual is adequate to cover such losses. For the prior three (3) fiscal years, no settlements exceeded the City's insurance coverage.

Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 2017 resulted from the following:

	Claims Payable											
			E	xpenses and								
]	Beginning	(Changes in		Claims		Ending	Ι	Oue within	D	ue in more
		Balance		Estimates		Payments		Balance		One Year	tha	n One Year
2014-2015	\$	7,987,470	\$	8,144,847	\$	(5,917,606)	\$	10,214,711	\$	6,378,783	\$	3,835,928
2015-2016		10,214,711		1,512,050		(118,380)		11,608,381		6,609,293		4,999,088
2016-2017		11,608,381		4,069,633		(395,933)		15,282,081		7,056,926		8,225,155

Purchased insurance

<u>Property Insurance</u> - Several insurance companies underwrite this insurance protection. The City is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to Travelers Property Casualty Company of America. Total all-risk property insurance coverage is \$65.3 million. There is a \$10,000 per loss deductible.

<u>Crime Insurance</u> - The City purchases crime insurance coverage with a limit of \$200,000 per occurrence. This policy provides coverage for all City employees.

Adequacy of protection

During the past three fiscal years none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS")

The following is the summary of net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2017 and pension expense for the year then ended.

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Pension contribution made after measurement date:			
Miscellaneous	\$ 1,254,358	\$ 1,387,639	\$ 2,641,997
Safety	5,401,275		5,401,275
Total pension contribution made after measurement date	6 655 622	1 297 620	9 042 272
	6,655,633	1,387,639	8,043,272
Differences between expected and actual experience on pension investments:			
Safety	388,081	-	388,081
Total differences between expected and actual			
Experience on pension investments:	388,081		388,081
Adjustment due to difference proportion: Safety	463,490	_	463,490
Difference between City's contribution and	105,170		103,170
proportionate share of contribution:			
Safety	683,116		683,116
Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension investments:			
Miscellaneous	2,888,571	3,195,492	6,084,063
Safety	8,302,434		8,302,434
Total difference in projected and actual earnings on pension investments:	11,191,005	3,195,492	14,386,497
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 19,381,325	\$ 4,583,131	\$ 23,964,456
Aggregate net pension liabilities:		· 	
Miscellaneous	\$ 15,961,524	\$ 17,657,493	\$ 33,619,017
Safety	54,448,433		54,448,433
Total aggregate net pension liabilities	\$ 70,409,957	\$ 17,657,493	\$ 88,067,450
Deferred inflows of Resources:			
Change in assumption			
Miscellaneous	\$ 494,653	\$ 547,212	\$ 1,041,865
Safety	1,689,907		1,689,907
Total change in assumption	2,184,560	547,212	2,731,772
Differences between expected and actual experience on pension investments:			
Miscellaneous	117,999	130,536	248,535
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,302,559	\$ 677,748	\$ 2,980,307
	Governmental	Business Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Pension Expense: Miscellaneous	¢ 1 040 412	¢ 2240.600	¢ 2 200 100
Miscellaneous Safety	\$ 1,048,412 3,755,019	\$ 2,340,688	\$ 3,389,100 3,755,019
Total pension expense	\$ 4,803,431	\$ 2,340,688	\$ 7,144,119
L annual ankana	,000,.51	-,5.0,000	,,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contribution to the California Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS"), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for miscellaneous employees and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan for safety employees. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statue and City ordinance. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the June 30, 2015 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A classic CalPERS member or PEPRA Safety member becomes eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation. The final compensation is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 or 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay. Retirement benefits for classic miscellaneous employees are calculated as 2% of average final 12 months compensation. Retirement benefits for classic safety employees are calculated as 3% of the average final 12 months compensation. Retirement benefits for PEPRA safety employees are calculated as 2.7% of average final 12 months compensation. Retirement benefits for PEPRA safety employees are calculated as 2.7% of average final 36 months.

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if the participant becomes disabled and has at lease 5 years credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service.

Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees. The City provides industrial disability retirement benefit to safety employees. The industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50 percent of final compensation.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee becomes deceased while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death. Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provided (Continued)

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2 percent.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2015, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Plans					
	Miscellaneous	Saf	ety			
		Classic	PEPRA			
Active employees	353	88	4			
Transferred and terminated employees	308	51	3			
Retired Employees and Beneficiaries	354	228	0			
Total	1015	367	7			

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The required contribution rates are as follow:

Measurement Period June 30, 2016

	Plans							
	Miscella	neous	Safety					
	Classic	PEPRA	Classic	PEPRA				
Employer Contribution Rate	12.705%	12.705%	20.230%	11.923%				
Employee Contribution Rate	7.000%	6.750%	9.000%	12.250%				

Current Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Plans						
	Miscella	neous	Safety				
	Classic	PEPRA	Classic	PEPRA			
Employer Contribution Rate	14.085%	14.085%	21.230%	12.821%			
Employee Contribution Rate	7.000%	6.750%	9.000%	12.250%			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued))

Net Pension Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumption Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2015 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2016 total pension liability, based on following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65% includes inflation

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The

mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society

of Actuaries Scale BB.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection

Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund ("PERF"). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the PERF's asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C fund), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2015.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ¹	Real Return Years 11+1
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Absolute Return Strategy	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
	100.00%		

¹ An expected inflation of 2.5% and 3.0% used for years 1-10 and years 11+, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability for the City's Miscellaneous Plan recognized over the measurement period.

Mi	iscellan	eous Plan					
	Increase (Decrease)						
Balance at June 30, 2015 (Valuation Date)		otal Pension Liability (a)	Plar	n Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)		
		138,928,830	\$	114,296,961	\$	24,631,869	
Changes recognized for the measurement period:							
Service Cost		2,740,901		-		2,740,901	
Interest on the total pension liability		10,454,955		-		10,454,955	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(36,375)		-		(36,375)	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	
Plan to plan resource movement		-		(1,234)		1,234	
Contributions from the employer		-		2,317,060		(2,317,060)	
Contributions from employees		-		1,321,368		(1,321,368)	
Net investment income		-		604,797		(604,797)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee							
contributions		(7,193,626)		(7,193,626)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(69,658)		69,658	
Net changes during July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016		5,965,855		(3,021,293)		8,987,148	
Balance at June 30, 2016 (Measurement Date)	\$	144,894,685	\$	111,275,668	\$	33,619,017	

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the City's safety plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measure period.

Safety Plan								
	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at June 30, 2015 (Valuation Date)	\$	167,831,681	\$	122,645,268	\$	45,186,413		
Balance at June 30, 2016 (Measurement Date)		174,457,753		120,009,320		54,448,433		
Net Changes during 2015-2016		6,626,072		(2,635,948)		9,262,020		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2015). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2016). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2016 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2015-16).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date. TPL is allocated based on the rate plan's share of the actuarial accrued liability. FNP is allocated based on the rate plan's share of market value assets.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

Deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are allocated based on the City's share of contributions made during the measurement period.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was as follows:

	Safety Plan
June 30, 2015	0.6583%
June 30, 2016	0.6292%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.0291%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

		Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
	Discount Rate - 1% (6.65%)			rent Discount ate (7.65%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.65%)				
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	52,020,638	\$	33,619,017	\$	18,352,653			
Safety Plan	\$	81,507,213	\$	54,448,433	\$	32,235,947			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Total

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ending June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense in the amounts of \$3,389,100 and \$3,755,019 for the miscellaneous plan and safety plan, respectively.

As of measurement date of June 30, 2016, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

Miscellaneous	Plan				
		rred outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(248,535)	
Changes of assumptions		-		(1,041,865)	
Net difference between projected and actual earning on					
pension plan investments		6,084,063		-	
Total	\$	6,084,063	\$	(1,290,400)	
Safety Pla	ın				
		rred outflows Resources		erred inflows f Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	388,081	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		-		(1,689,907)	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		8,302,434		-	
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		463,490		-	
Difference between City contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		683,116		-	

9,837,121

(1,689,907)

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2015-2016 measurement period expense.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). The EARSL for the miscellaneous plan and the safety risk pool for the 2015-16 measurement period is 3.6 and 3.7 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 3,633 and 475,689 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 1,015 and 127,007 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired), respectively.

\$2,641,997 and \$5,401,275 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for miscellaneous plan and safety plan, respectively, resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the future pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period		rred Outflows/ vs) of Resources	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resource			
Ended June 30	Misc	ellaneous Plan		Safety Plan		
2017	\$	32,431	\$	736,975		
2018		348,462		1,511,879		
2019		2,816,906		3,736,995		
2020		1,595,864		2,161,365		
2021		-		-		
Thereafter		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
	\$	4,793,663	\$	8,147,214		

CalPERS Discount Rate

On December 16, 2016, the CalPERS Board of Administration (the "Board") approved lowering the CalPERS discount rate assumption, the long-term rate of return, from 7.50 percent over the next three years. This will increase the City's employer contribution costs beginning in fiscal year 2018-19. The phase in of the discount rate change approved by the Board for the next three fiscal year is as follows:

Valuation Date	Required Contribution Rate	Discount Rate		
June 30, 2016	2018-19	7.375%		
June 30, 2017	2019-20	7.250%		
June 30, 2018	2020-21	7.000%		

Lowering the discount rate means plans will see increases in both normal costs, the cost of pension benefits accruing in one year for active members and the accrued liabilities. These increases will result in higher required employer contribution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 – Retirement Plans (Continued)

B. Public Agency Retirement System ("PARS")

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

For all of its part-time employees who are not eligible for coverage under the CalPERS pension plan, the City provides pension benefits through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan is administered as part of the Public Agency Retirement Systems ("PARS"). The PARS Trust Agreement may be amended by a two-thirds majority or greater of the Member Agencies. The plan conforms to the requirements under Internal Revenue Code 401(a) and has received a favorable Letter of Determination from the Internal Revenue Service.

All part-time employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. Federal legislation requires contributions of at least 7.5 percent to a retirement plan, and City Council resolved to match the employees' contributions up to 3.75 percent. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest earned by the accounts) are fully vested immediately. For the year ended June 30, 2017 the City's payroll covered by the plan was \$624,001. The City made employer contributions in the amount of \$22,889. Participants of the Plan as of June 30, 2017 were 86.

Note 11 – Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The City provides retiree healthcare benefits for employees who retire simultaneously from CalPERS and the City and who meet the qualifying criteria negotiated by the various City labor groups. The City offers insurance coverage from Kaiser Permanente and a self-insured PPO.

Miscellaneous employees hired prior to July 1, 2002 must be 55 years of age and have at least 13 years of full-time service with the City. Effective July 1, 2002, miscellaneous (non-management) employees must have at least 20 years of full-time service to qualify. Safety employees must be 50 years of age and have 25 years of full-time service in the police or fire department of the City. In October 2000, City fire services transferred to contracted services with the Los Angeles County Fire District. Postemployment benefits continue only for fire personnel retiring from service prior to that date.

The City's health plan year runs February through January with open-enrollment every January prior to the start of the new plan year. The monthly benefit to be paid by the City is \$1,085 per month.

Eligibility

All of the Plan's employees became participants in accordance with a negotiated Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") as negotiated by each group or bargaining unit. In order to receive benefits, eligible employees must meet the minimum requirements defined in their MOU. Participants of the Plan as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Participants	Total
Active employees	331
Retirees	201
Total	532

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 11 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements for Plan members and the City are established by an MOU as negotiated by each group or bargaining unit. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$2,590,550. Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$49,977 of the total premiums as their required contributions.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual Other Postemployment Benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the *Annual Required Contribution of the Employer* ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excesses) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City has elected to amortize its Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") during the current fiscal year.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

	Governmental		Business-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
Annual required contribution	\$	5,029,000	\$	748,000	\$ 5,777,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		797,674		356,000	1,153,674
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,547,155)		(314,000)	(1,861,155)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		4,279,519		790,000	5,069,519
Contributions made		(2,128,130)		(462,420)	(2,590,550)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		2,151,389		327,580	2,478,969
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		21,271,300		5,511,364	 26,782,664
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	23,422,689	\$	5,838,944	\$ 29,261,633

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual		Annual	OPEB Cost	I	Net OPEB
Ended	 PEB Cost	Contribution		Contributed	Obligation	
6/30/2015	\$ 6,360,000	\$	2,558,840	40.23%	\$	22,656,984
6/30/2016	6,693,000		2,567,320	38.36%		26,782,664
6/30/2017	5,069,519		2,590,550	51.10%		29,261,633

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 11 – Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Actuarial Accrued Liability for benefits was \$64,718,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an UAAL of \$(64,718,000). The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$25,976,000, and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 249 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare costs trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the Annual Required Contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan Assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the Actuarial Accrued Liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include 3.75% and 6.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) for non-transit and transit, respectively, which is based on the expected return on funds invested, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.50% initially reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.75% thereafter. The actuarial assumption for inflation was 2.75%, and the aggregate payroll increases was 3.00% used in the actuarial valuation. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability will be amortized as a level percentage of projected covered payrolls on a closed basis. The UAAL is being amortized as level percentage of future payroll on a 30 year closed amortization period. The average remaining years at June 30, 2017 are 15 and 30 years for non-transit and transit, respectively.

Note 12 – Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan assets are under the participants control and are principally invested in demand deposits and mutual funds and are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The plan assets are not included in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2017, the amount held by the Trustee for the City employees is \$20,853,656.

City of Gardena Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 13 - Classification of Fund Balances

At June 30, 2017, fund balances are classified in the governmental funds as follows:

		Economic			
		Development		Nonmajor	Total
	General	Grants Special	City Debt	Govermental	Governmental
	Fund	Revenue Fund	Service Fund	Funds	Funds
Nananandahlar					
Nonspendable: Employee receivables	\$ 48,397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,397
Inventories	\$ 48,397 78,970	5 -	5 -	Ф -	\$ 48,397 78,970
Prepaid items and deposits	166,766	-	-	-	166,766
Total nonspendable	294,133				294,133
1 our nonspending	25 1,100				
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	1,924,432	-	1,924,432
Employment & training services	43,611	-	-	-	43,611
Law enforcement	-	-	-	914,062	914,062
Local street improvements	-	-	-	6,205,701	6,205,701
Other capital projects	-	-	-	295,912	295,912
Other purposes		81,439		651,830	733,269
Total restricted	43,611	81,439	1,924,432	8,067,505	10,116,987
Committed:					
	4 412 125				4 412 125
Emergency contingency	4,413,135	-	-	-	4,413,135
Parking and parks and		2.765.222			2.765.222
recreation facilities	15 000 000	3,765,323	-	-	3,765,323
Civic center improvements ¹	15,000,000	2.565.222			15,000,000
Total committed	19,413,135	3,765,323			23,178,458
Assigned:					
Computer replacement	40,307	_	_	_	40,307
Equipment replacement	500,000	_	_	_	500,000
Future debt service payments	1,922,529	_	_	_	1,922,529
Police	1,473,430	_	_	_	1,473,430
Total assigned	3,936,266				3,936,266
Unassigned:	200,000				200,000
Total fund balance	\$ 23,887,145	\$ 3,846,762	\$ 1,924,432	\$ 8,067,505	\$ 37,725,844

¹On March 8, 2016 the City Council adopted Resolution No. 6219, which committed funding for the Civic Center Improvement Project. The assigned funding is based on the fund in which the amounts are located, with the exception of the Unassigned fund balance, which can we used at the City's discretion. The emergency contingency funds have been committed based on the general fund reserve balance policy guidelines set by the Council, which strives for a 25% reserve balance (the total committed, assigned and unassigned components of fund balance), the reserve may be used for expenditures in the event of a declaration of a state or federal state of emergency or a local emergency as defined in the City's Municipal Code Section 2.56.020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 14 – Jointly Governed Organization

South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority

The City is a member of the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority ("SBRPCA"), which provides financing and equipment for a police communications system for the City and the other member municipalities of SBRPCA - Hawthorne and Manhattan Beach. SBRPCA financial statements can be obtained from the SBRPCA at 4440 West Broadway, Hawthorne, California 90250.

Revenues, expenses and indebtedness incurred by the SBRPCA relating to services associated with central dispatch are divided by member agencies in accordance with set percentages; however, expenses incurred relating to specific equipment and services requested by an individual member agency for use by its own public safety services are paid entirely by that member agency. As of June 30, 2017, the City's percentage interest is 32.08%.

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, the latest available information, SBRPCA's unaudited financial information is as follows:

Current assets	\$ 3,487,850
Noncurrent assets	8,271,029
Deferred outflows of resources	1,762,069
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 13,520,948
	0.004.500
Total liabilities	\$ 8,224,530
Deferred inflows of resources	594,053
SBRPCA equity	4,702,365
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and SBRPCA equity	\$ 13,520,948
Total revenues	\$ 11,193,955
Total expenses	(11,063,134)
Change in net position	\$ 130,821

Note 15 – Commitments and Contingencies

The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs, which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Final closeout audits of these programs have not yet been completed. Accordingly, the City's ultimate compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. Expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is currently a party to various claims and legal proceedings. In management's opinion, the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such claims and proceedings, will not materially affect the City's financial position.

The City had outstanding construction commitments in the amount of \$3,239,532 as of June 30, 2017.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2017

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement period	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16 ¹
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 2,713,029 9,625,167	\$ 2,672,238 10,024,136	\$ 2,740,901 10,454,955
Changes of obtains Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,617,452)	(2,344,195) (500,092) (6,931,772)	(36,375) (7,193,626)
Net change in total pension liability	5,720,744	2,920,315	5,965,855
Total pension liability - beginning	130,287,771	136,008,515	138,928,830
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 136,008,515	\$ 138,928,830	\$ 144,894,685
Pension fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net plan to plan resource movement Administrative expense	\$ 1,628,415 1,181,161 17,430,461 (6,617,452)	\$ 2,016,919 1,242,246 2,536,012 (6,931,772)	\$ 2,317,060 1,321,368 604,797 (7,193,626) (1,234) (69,658)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	13,622,585	(1,265,249)	(3,021,293)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	101,939,625	115,562,210	114,296,961
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 115,562,210	\$ 114,296,961	\$ 111,275,668
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 20,446,305	\$ 24,631,869	\$ 33,619,017
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.97%	82.27%	76.80%
Covered payroll	\$ 17,651,457	\$ 18,094,788	\$ 19,012,911
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	115.83%	136.13%	176.82%

¹ Historical information is presented for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2015 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2017

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

Measurement period	June 30, 2014			ine 30, 2015	June 30, 2016 ¹		
City Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		0.65549%		0.65832%		0.62924%	
City's Proportionate Share of the net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	40,787,661	\$	45,186,413	\$	54,448,433	
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	9,078,779	\$	9,351,143		10,491,839	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)							
as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		449.26%		483.22%		518.96%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position							
as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.54%		77.40%		68.79%	

¹ Historical information is presented for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) **Schedule of Contributions** June 30, 2017

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17 ¹
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,628,415	\$ 2,015,588	\$ 2,317,060	\$ 2,641,997
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution ²	(1,628,415)	(2,016,919)	(2,317,060)	(2,641,997)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (1,331)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll ³	\$ 17,651,457	\$ 18,094,788	\$ 16,033,770	\$ 16,514,783
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll ³	9.23%	11.15%	14.45%	16.00%

¹ Historical information is presented for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2016-17 were derived from the June 30, 2014 funding valuation report.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by entry age and service
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.50% net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience study for the period from 1997 to 2007.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

³ Includes one year's payroll growth using 3.00 percent payroll assumption from 2015-16 to 2016-17.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions (Continued) June 30, 2017

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17 ¹
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,930,218	\$ 4,265,350	\$ 4,917,350	\$ 5,401,275
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,930,218)	(4,265,350)	(4,917,350)	(5,401,275)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll ²	\$ 9,078,779	\$ 9,351,143	\$ 10,491,839	\$ 10,806,594
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	43.29%	45.61%	46.87%	49.98%

¹ Historical information is presented for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes of assumptions.

² Payroll from 2015-16 of \$10,491,839 was assumed to increase by the 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption.

City of Gardena Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:						
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and penalties Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 44,923,70 1,287,17 506,80 4,715,13 1,014,50 190,00 670,50	78 1,287,178 90 506,800 57 5,016,496 90 1,014,500 90 190,000 748,161	\$ 44,458,251 1,800,752 552,574 5,155,573 1,012,912 8,168 2,245,601 55,233,831	\$ (465,449) 513,574 45,774 139,077 (1,588) (181,832) 1,497,440 1,546,996		
Total revenues		33,080,833	33,233,831	1,340,990		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General government:						
City clerk	430,86		381,829	50,036		
City treasurer	250,41	·	280,572	(30,160)		
Executive office	1,274,32		1,162,940	111,389		
Administrative services	3,294,74		2,210,287	413,854		
Non-departmental	753,88	31 757,181	878,788	(121,607)		
Public safety:						
Police	25,425,52		26,429,691	(1,004,167)		
L.A. County Fire District	10,166,02		10,160,961	5,060		
Public works	3,394,91		3,427,646	(32,733)		
Recreation and human services	6,429,67		6,197,077	232,596		
Community development	1,688,48		1,654,980	33,504		
Capital outlay	3,30	00 670,600	573,602	96,998		
Debt service:			12.105	(12.105)		
Principal retirement		<u> </u>	13,105	(13,105)		
Total expenditures	53,112,14	53,113,143	53,371,478	(258,335)		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	195,69	90 573,692	1,862,353	1,288,661		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	3,694,31	1,006,477	2.100.008	1.093.531		
Transfers out	(4,839,81	, ,	(1,948,994)	20,868,505		
Proceed from sale of assets			1,003,790	1,003,790		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,145,50	(21,811,022)	1,154,804	22,965,826		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (949,81		3,017,157	\$ 24,254,487		
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of Year			20,869,988			
End of Year			\$ 23,887,145			

City of Gardena Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Economic Development Grants Special Revenue Fund</u>

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$ 85,079	\$	(414,921)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		15,000		15,000	-		(15,000)	
Use of money and property		-		15,245	35,058		19,813	
Miscellaneous		128,782		237,932	 198,154		(39,778)	
Total revenues		643,782		768,177	 318,291		(449,886)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		613,782		754,757	356,000		398,757	
Capital outlay		-		1,451	1,351		100	
Debt service:					06.000		(0 < 000)	
Interest and fiscal charges					 86,223		(86,223)	
Total expenditures		613,782		756,208	 443,574		312,634	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		30,000		11,969	(125,283)		(137,252)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(2,900,000)		(2,900,000)	(21,999)		2,878,001	
Issuance of loans				<u>-</u>	86,223		86,223	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,900,000)		(2,900,000)	64,224		2,964,224	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(2,870,000)	\$	(2,888,031)	(61,059)	\$	2,826,972	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of Year					3,907,821			
End of Year					\$ 3,846,762			

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Budgetary Control and Accounting Policy

The City adopts annual budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds and adopts project length budgets for projects within the City Capital Projects Fund as well as City's debt service funds.

The City's budget is a detailed operating plan, which identifies estimated costs and results in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes (1) the programs, projects, services, and activities to be provided during the fiscal year, (2) the estimated resources (inflows) and amounts available for appropriation and (3) the estimated charges to appropriations (outflows). The budget represents a process through which policy decisions are made, implemented, and controlled. The City's policy prohibits expending funds for which there is no legal appropriation.

The City's procedures for preparing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are:

- The budget is prepared under the City Manager's direction and adopted by the City Council, generally prior to June 30 of each year. It is revised periodically during the year by the City Council. The budget presented in the financial statements includes the original and final amounts.
- The budget serves as a policy document for the deliverance of public services; however, expenditures are individually approved by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer amounts within individual fund budgets without the approval of City Council. Additional appropriations during the year may be submitted to the City Council for review and approval.
- Budget information is presented for the governmental fund types. Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by Council-authorized adjustments during the year, which were contingent upon new, or additional revenue sources. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year.
- Total expenditures of each governmental fund may not legally exceed fund appropriations, and total expenditures for each department (for example: police department, public works department, community development department, etc.) may not legally exceed departmental appropriations. The City does not employ encumbrance accounting. The budgets conform, in all material respects, to generally accepted accounting principles.
- Appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent they have not been expended, except for capital projects appropriations which lapse when individual projects are completed.

City of Gardena Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	of A	al Value Assets A)	y Age Actuarial crued Liability (B)	unded Actuarial crued Liability (A - B)	unded Ratio A / B)	_	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a % of Payroll (A-B) / C
6/30/2012	\$	-	\$ 79,726,000	\$ (79,726,000)	0.00%	\$	18,505,000	-430.83%
6/30/2014		-	74,322,000	(74,322,000)	0.00%		22,395,000	-331.87%
6/30/2016		-	64,718,000	(64,718,000)	0.00%		25,976,000	-249.15%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Consolidated Lighting District Special Revenue Fund - To account for monies received from property assessments restricted to fund district lighting activities.

Prop C Local Return Special Revenue Fund - To account for monies derived from Los Angeles County 1/2% sales tax, received from MTA and expended on streets and roads heavily used by public transit.

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund - To account for funding from the State of California for the state and county gas tax allocation.

Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund - To account for monies that were seized from criminal activities and is to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

Public Safety Grants Special Revenue Fund - Represents seven funds used to fund various police activities. Four of the grants receive funding from the California Office of Traffic Safety. These grants fund sobriety checkpoints, saturation patrols, seatbelt enforcement, warrant/probation sweeps and additional activities to raise public awareness and reduce alcohol involved fatalities. One grant from the U.S. Department of Justice provides funding for technological programs and equipment to improve public safety issues. Finally, the COPS grant and Traffic Safety grant are funds earmarked for any police activity that will increase public safety.

Public Works Grants Special Revenue Fund - Represents five funds used to implement various capital improvements projects. The Artesia Boulevard Landscaping Assessment is received from property assessments and restricted to funding district landscaping activities. The Transportation Community and System Preservation grant is received from Caltrans to implement programs that promote pedestrian friendly areas, job growth, and business retention along the Resecrans corridor. The Proposition A Park Bond Safe neighborhood Parks Proposition of 1992 and 1996 is received from Los Angeles County Regional Park and Open Space District to be used for acquisition and improvements to park. The South Coast AQMSD fund is monies received from the motor vehicle tax to be expended on programs to reduce air pollution, which is necessary to comply with the California Clean Air Act of 1988. Measure R funds are derived from Los Angeles County 1/2 cent sales tax approved by voters in November 2008 to meet the transportation needs of Los Angeles County. The program is to be sued for transportation projects that have been approved by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority ("MTA").

Human Services Grants Special Revenue Fund - Represents four funds. Two of the funds provide meals to the elderly and disabled funded by Aging Program. These meals are served at the Nakaoka Center or delivered directly to the participants. One grant provides for a socialization program for elderly persons suffering from Alzheimer's Disease or dementia. The Family Child Care grant is funded by the California Department of Education and provides daycare and early education to qualified families.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund - To account for funding from HUD to fund programs that benefit low income, elderly or disabled individuals. A number of programs are funded with these monies, including an at-risk youth program, code enforcement, a handy worker program for small home repairs and access ramps, projects to improve or eliminate slum blight conditions, as well as assistance for landlords in designated areas to improve living conditions for qualified tenants.

City Capital Projects Fund - Represents the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay.

City of Gardena Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Consolidated Lighting District		Prop C Local Return		Gas Tax		Asset Forfeiture		blic Safety Grants	
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	414,377	\$	1,925,440	\$	3,853,972	\$	798,926	\$	113,037	
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-	
Taxes		16,556		-		-		-		41.602	
Due from other governmental agencies Prepaid items and deposits		-		-		-		1,033		41,603	
Total assets	\$	420.022	•	1 025 440	•	2 952 072	•		•	154 640	
1 otai assets	3	430,933	\$	1,925,440	\$	3,853,972	\$	799,959	\$	154,640	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	44,019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,980	\$	3,516	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-	
Salaries and benefits payable		-		417		1,250		-		1,632	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		24,409	
Retention payable		-		-		-		-		-	
Unearned Revenue		-						-			
Total liabilities		44,019		417		1,250		10,980		29,557	
Fund Balances:											
Restricted		386,914		1,925,023		3,852,722		788,979		125,083	
Total fund balances		386,914		1,925,023		3,852,722		788,979		125,083	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	430,933	\$	1,925,440	\$	3,853,972	\$	799,959	\$	154,640	

(Continued)

City of Gardena Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		S	Revenue Fun						
	Public Works Grants				Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)		City Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	413,117	\$	-	\$	272,389	\$	547,336	\$ 8,338,594
Accounts		-		346,733		2,154		-	348,887
Taxes		14		-		-		-	16,570
Due from other governmental agencies		19,732		38,253		161,806		-	261,394
Prepaid items and deposits				5,084					 6,117
Total assets	\$	432,863	\$	390,070	\$	436,349	\$	547,336	\$ 8,971,562
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	582	\$	169,955	\$	3,618	\$	242,615	475,285
Accrued liabilities		-		7,879		-		-	7,879
Salaries and benefits payable		417		30,944		17,456		-	52,116
Due to other funds		3,908		142,281		189,220		-	359,818
Retention payable		-		-		-		8,809	8,809
Unearned Revenue		-		150		-			 150
Total liabilities		4,907		351,209		210,294		251,424	 904,057
Fund Balances:									
Restricted		427,956		38,861		226,055		295,912	8,067,505
Total fund balances		427,956		38,861		226,055		295,912	8,067,505
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	432,863	\$	390,070	\$	436,349	\$	547,336	\$ 8,971,562

(Concluded)

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				S_1	pecial	Revenue Fund	ds			
		Consolidated Lighting District		Prop C Local Return		Gas Tax		Asset Forfeiture		olic Safety Grants
REVENUES:										
Taxes Intergovernmental Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	688,741	\$	914,961	\$	1,186,596	\$	24,577	\$	261,478 89,323
Use of money and property Miscellaneous		3,064		15,440		46,903		8,986		1,743
Total revenues		691,805		930,401		1,233,499		33,563		352,544
EXPENDITURES:										
Current: Public safety Public works		551,968		4,221		12,664		171,150		215,396
Recreation and human services Community development Capital outlay		- - -		- - -		- - -		64,507		- - -
Total expenditures		551,968		4,221		12,664		235,657		215,396
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		139,837		926,180		1,220,835		(202,094)		137,148
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers in		-		-		-		6,696		-
Transfers out		(10,922)		(506,292)		(2,760,328)		(154,002)		(125,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,922)		(506,292)		(2,760,328)		(147,306)		(125,000)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		128,915		419,888		(1,539,493)		(349,400)		12,148
FUND BALANCES:										
Beginning of year		257,999		1,505,135		5,392,215		1,138,379		112,935
End of year	\$	386,914	\$	1,925,023	\$	3,852,722	\$	788,979	\$	125,083

(Continued)

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		S	pecia	l Revenue Fund	ds				
	Public Works Grants		Human Services Grants		Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)		City Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES:									
Taxes Intergovernmental Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property	\$	785,256 388,715 - 4,961	\$	2,334,741 - 2,340	\$	716,112 - 1,457	\$	- - -	\$ 2,388,958 4,912,219 89,323 84,894
Miscellaneous				137,534		362,761		-	500,295
Total revenues		1,178,932		2,474,615		1,080,330		-	 7,975,689
EXPENDITURES:									
Current: Public safety Public works Recreation and human services		- 67,986 -		- - 2,433,957		- - - 746 001		- - -	386,546 636,839 2,433,957 746,881
Community development Capital outlay		25,426		-		746,881		2,684,595	2,774,528
Total expenditures		93,412		2,433,957		746,881		2,684,595	6,978,751
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,085,520		40,658		333,449		(2,684,595)	996,938
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers in Transfers out		14,052 - (846,644)		64,543 (45,531)		- (139,254)		2,678,961	20,748 2,743,504 (4,587,973)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(832,592)		19,012		(139,254)		2,678,961	(1,823,721)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		252,928		59,670		194,195		(5,634)	(826,783)
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year		175,028		(20,809)		31,860		301,546	8,894,288
End of year	\$	427,956	\$	38,861	\$	226,055	\$	295,912	\$ 8,067,505

(Concluded)

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Consolidated Lighting District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
Taxes Use of money and property	\$	665,000 1,000	\$ 665,000 1,000	\$	688,741 3,064	\$	23,741 2,064
Total revenues		666,000	666,000		691,805		25,805
Current: Public works		648,000	648,000		551,968		96,032
Total expenditures		648,000	 648,000		551,968		96,032
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING USES:		18,000	18,000		139,837		121,837
Transfers out		(18,000)	(18,000)		(10,922)		7,078
Total other financing uses		(18,000)	 (18,000)		(10,922)		7,078
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$ -		128,915	\$	128,915
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year End of year				\$	257,999 386,914		

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Prop C Local Return Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Taxes Use of money and property	\$ 918,163 10,000	\$ 918,163 10,000	\$ 914,961 15,440	\$ (3,202) 5,440
Total revenues	928,163	928,163	930,401	2,238
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Public works	9,172	9,172	4,221	4,951
Total expenditures	9,172	9,172	4,221	4,951
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	918,991	918,991	926,180	7,189
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers out Total other financing uses NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,100,000) (1,100,000) \$ (181,009)	(1,100,000) (1,100,000) \$ (181,009)	(506,292) (506,292) 419,888	593,708 593,708 \$ 600,897
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year End of year			1,505,135 \$ 1,925,023	

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES:	 Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		Actual	riance with nal Budget
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$ 1,280,273 25,000 1,305,273	\$ 1,280,273 25,000 1,305,273	\$	1,186,596 46,903 1,233,499	\$ (93,677) 21,903 (71,774)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Public works Total expenditures EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	27,516 27,516 1,277,757	27,516 27,516 1,277,757		12,664 12,664 1,220,835	14,852 14,852 (56,922)
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out Total other financing uses NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,871,477) (3,871,477) 1,277,757	\$ (3,871,477) (3,871,477) (2,593,720)		(2,760,328) (2,760,328) (1,539,493)	\$ 1,111,149 1,111,149 1,054,227
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year End of year			\$	5,392,215 3,852,722	

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	525,000	\$ 525,000	\$	24,577	\$	(500,423)
Use of money and property		7,500	7,500		8,986		1,486
Total revenues		532,500	 532,500		33,563		(498,937)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety		336,000	336,000		171,150		164,850
Capital outlay:		196,500	 196,500		64,507		131,993
Total expenditures		532,500	 532,500		235,657		296,843
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					(202,094)		(202,094)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Proceeds from sale of personal property		-	-		6,696		6,696
Transfers out		(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)		(154,002)		1,845,998
Total other financing uses		(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)		(147,306)		1,852,694
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(2,000,000)	\$ (2,000,000)		(349,400)	\$	1,650,600
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					1,138,379		
End of year				\$	788,979		

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Safety Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	riance with
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property	\$ 797,000 125,000 -	\$ 797,000 125,000	\$ 261,478 89,323 1,743	\$ (535,522) (35,677) 1,743
Total revenues	922,000	922,000	352,544	 (569,456)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Public safety	716,064	702,264	215,396	486,868
Total expenditures	 716,064	702,264	 215,396	486,868
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	205,936	219,736	137,148	(82,588)
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers out Total other financing uses	 (125,000) (125,000)	 (125,000)	 (125,000) (125,000)	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 80,936	\$ 94,736	12,148	\$ (82,588)
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year End of year			\$ 112,935 125,083	

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Works Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Origir Budg		Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Taxes Intergovernmental		35,572 17,500	\$ 785,572 517,500	\$	785,256 388,715	\$	(316) (128,785)
Use of money and property		4,600	 4,600		4,961		361
Total revenues	1,30	07,672	 1,307,672		1,178,932		(128,740)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works	3	30,834	30,834		67,986		(37,152)
Capital outlay		72,000	 72,000		25,426		46,574
Total expenditures	10	02,834	 102,834		93,412		9,422
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,20	04,838	 1,204,838		1,085,520		(119,318)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Proceeds from sale of personal property		-	_		14,052		14,052
Transfers out	(1,20	03,500)	(1,203,500)		(846,644)		356,856
Total other financing uses	(1,20	03,500)	 (1,203,500)		(832,592)		370,908
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,338	\$ 1,338		252,928	\$	251,590
FUND BALANCE:			 				
Beginning of year					175,028		
End of year				\$	427,956		

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Human Services Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 2,210,976 1,000 147,500	\$ 2,210,976 1,000 147,500	\$ 2,334,741 2,340 137,534	\$ 123,765 1,340 (9,966)
Total revenues	2,359,476	2,359,476	2,474,615	115,139
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Recreation and human services	2,271,427	2,271,427	2,433,957	(162,530)
Total expenditures	2,271,427	2,271,427	2,433,957	(162,530)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	88,049	88,049	40,658	(47,391)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers in Transfers out	<u> </u>		64,543 (45,531)	64,543 (45,531)
Total other financing uses			19,012	19,012
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 88,049	\$ 88,049	59,670	\$ (28,379)
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year End of year			(20,809) \$ 38,861	

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		iance with all Budget	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	706,000 - -	\$	706,000 - -	\$	716,112 1,457 362,761	\$ 10,112 1,457 362,761
Total revenues		706,000		706,000		1,080,330	 374,330
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Community development		696,981		738,903		746,881	(7,978)
Total expenditures		696,981		738,903		746,881	 (7,978)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		9,019		(32,903)		333,449	366,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Transfers out Total other financing uses		-		-		(139,254)	 (139,254)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	9,019	\$	(32,903)	·	194,195	\$ 227,098
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year End of year					\$	31,860 226,055	

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual City Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 500,000		(500,000)
Total revenues		500,000		(500,000)
EXPENDITURES:				
Capital outlay	7,200,000	27,076,143	2,684,595	24,391,548
Total expenditures	7,200,000	27,076,143	2,684,595	24,391,548
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(7,200,000)	(26,576,143)	(2,684,595)	23,891,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers in	7,200,000	26,579,840	2,678,961	(23,900,879)
Total other financing uses	7,200,000	26,579,840	2,678,961	(23,900,879)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ 3,697	(5,634)	\$ (9,331)
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			301,546	
End of year			\$ 295,912	

CITY DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS:

To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest and principal on general long-term debt, including certificates of participation and refunding revenue bonds, and capital leases.

2006 Refunding COPs, Series A & B Fund - To account for the accumulated funds for the payment of interest and principal for the certificates issued in 2006.

2006 Refunding COPs, Series C Fund - To account for the accumulated funds for the payment of interest and principal for the certificates issued in 2006.

2007 *Refunding Revenue Bonds SBRPCA Fund* - To account for the accumulated funds for the payment of interest and principal for the refunding bonds issued in 2007.

2014 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Fund - To account for the accumulated funds for the payment of interest and principal for the refunding bonds issued in 2014.

2017 Lease Financing Fund - To account for the accumulated funds for the payment of interest and principal for the refunding bonds issued in 2017.

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Net Position All Debt Service Funds June 30, 2017

	2006 Refunding COPs, eries A & B	Refu	006 Inding Series C	Rev	2007 efunding enue Bonds BRPCA	T. Lease	2014 axable e Revenue ding Bonds	I Fir	2017 Lease nancing Bonds	 Total
ASSETS										
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Prepaid items and deposits Total assets	\$ 1,670,000 2,224 1,672,224	\$	- - -	\$ 	250,163 1,091 251,254	\$	16 1,008 1,024	\$	2,350	\$ 1,922,529 4,323 1,926,852
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	 -,				201,201		1,02	Ψ	2,500	 1,920,002
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 2,420	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$ 2,420
Total liabilities	 2,420									 2,420
Fund Balances:										
Restricted	 1,669,804				251,254		1,024		2,350	1,924,432
Total fund balances	 1,669,804				251,254		1,024		2,350	1,924,432
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,672,224	\$	_	\$	251,254	\$	1,024	\$	2,350	\$ 1,926,852

City of Gardena Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2006 Refunding COPs, Series A & B	2006 Refunding COPs, Series C		2014 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	2017 Lease Financing Bonds	Total
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 697	\$ 30	\$ 300	\$ 39	\$ -	\$ 1,066
Total revenues	697	30	300	39	-	1,066
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	435,000	2,165,000	90,000	-	-	2,690,000
Interest and fiscal charges	600,257	135,707	98,155	451,431	59,868	1,345,418
Total expenditures	1,035,257	2,300,707	188,155	451,431	59,868	4,035,418
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,034,560)	(2,300,677)	(187,855)	(451,392)	(59,868)	(4,034,352)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from issuance of refunding debt	1,045,211 (145,750)	1,762,397	140,583	414,762	- (1,572,782) 1,635,000	3,362,953 (1,718,532) 1,635,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	899,461	1,762,397	140,583	414,762	62,218	3,279,421
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(135,099)	(538,280)	(47,272)	(36,630)	2,350	(754,931)
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of the year	1,804,903	538,280	298,526	37,654	-	2,679,363
End of the year	\$ 1,669,804	\$ -	\$ 251,254	\$ 1,024	\$ 2,350	\$ 1,924,432

City of Gardena Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual City Debt Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,066	\$ 1,066	
Total revenues			1,066	1,066	
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt Services					
Principal retirement	730,000	730,000	2,690,000	(1,960,000)	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,241,979	1,241,979	1,345,418	(103,439)	
Total expenditures	1,971,979	1,971,979	4,035,418	(2,063,439)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,971,979)	(1,971,979)	(4,034,352)	(2,062,373)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	1,971,979	1,971,979	3,362,953	1,390,974	
Transfers out	-	-	(1,718,532)	(1,718,532)	
Proceeds from issuance of refunding debt			1,635,000	1,635,000	
Total other financing uses	1,971,979	1,971,979	3,279,421	1,307,442	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(754,931)	\$ (754,931)	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			2,679,363		
End of year			\$ 1,924,432		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Fund accounts for financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Internal Service Funds include:

Liability Insurance Fund - To finance and account for the City's general liability claims program.

Workers' Compensation Fund - To finance and account for the workers' compensation claims program.

Health Benefit Fund - To finance and account for the health benefit claims program.

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2017

	Liability Insurance	Workers' Compensation	Health Benefit	Totals	
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash and investments Prepaid items and deposits	\$ - -	\$ 2,448,094 2,146	\$ 5,988,442	\$ 8,436,536 2,146	
Total current assets		2,450,240	5,988,442	8,438,682	
Total assets	_	2,450,240	5,988,442	8,438,682	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	239,076	8,560	976	248,612	
Accrued Liabilities Deposits payable	78,418	11,932	92,745 14,598	183,095 14,598	
Claims payable - due within one year	1,865,818	5,191,108	14,396	7,056,926	
Unearned Revenue	-	-	2,941	2,941	
Total current liabilities	2,183,312	5,211,600	111,260	7,506,172	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Claims payable - due in more than one year	6,304,513	1,038,222	882,420	8,225,155	
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,304,513	1,038,222	882,420	8,225,155	
Total liabilities	8,487,825	6,249,822	993,680	15,731,327	
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,487,825)	(3,799,582)	4,994,762	(7,292,645)	
Total net position	\$ (8,487,825)	\$ (3,799,582)	\$ 4,994,762	\$ (7,292,645)	

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Liability Insurance	Workers' Health Compensation Benefit		Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 995,540	\$ 1,038,655	\$ 7,479,986	\$ 9,514,181	
Other	6,100	150,773	371,006	527,879	
Total operating revenues	1,001,640	1,189,428	7,850,992	10,042,060	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Insurance claims	5,757,930	878,268	3,195,787	9,831,985	
General and administrative	496,780	518,473	3,740,331	4,755,584	
Total operating expenses	6,254,710	1,396,741	6,936,118	14,587,569	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(5,253,070)	(207,313)	914,874	(4,545,509)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest income	-	21,989	61,679	83,668	
Total nonoperating revenues		21,989	61,679	83,668	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(5,253,070)	(185,324)	976,553	(4,461,841)	
TRANSFERS:					
Transfers in	1,162,924	-	-	1,162,924	
Transfers out			(1,081,993)	(1,081,993)	
Total transfers	1,162,924		(1,081,993)	80,931	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,090,146)	(185,324)	(105,440)	(4,380,910)	
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of the year	(4,397,679)	(3,614,258)	5,100,202	(2,911,735)	
End of the year	\$ (8,487,825)	\$ (3,799,582)	\$ 4,994,762	\$ (7,292,645)	

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Liability Insurance		Workers' Compensation			Health Benefit		Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from users Receipts from claims recoveries Payments for insurance claims Payments to suppliers	\$	995,540 6,100 (1,816,128) (287,937)	\$	1,038,655 150,773 (1,274,201) (498,008)	\$	7,479,986 371,006 (3,067,956) (3,645,726)	\$	9,514,181 527,879 (6,158,285) (4,431,671)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		(1,102,425)		(582,781)		1,137,310		(547,896)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		1,102,425		- -		- (1,081,993)		1,102,425 (1,081,993)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		1,102,425				(1,081,993)		20,432	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities		<u>-</u> _		21,989 21,989		61,679 61,679		83,668 83,668	
receasin provided by investing activities				21,707		01,077		03,000	
Changes in cash and cash equivalents		-		(560,792)		116,996		(443,796)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Beginning of year		-		3,008,886		5,871,446		8,880,332	
End of year	\$		\$	2,448,094	\$	5,988,442	\$	8,436,536	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		(7.2.2.0.7.0)	•	(00 - 010)	•	2442-4		(1.717.700)	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(5,253,070)	\$	(207,313)	\$	914,874	\$	(4,545,509)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		130,425 78,418		8,533 11,932 -		(10,558) 92,745 9,477 2,941		128,400 183,095 9,477 2,941	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		3,941,802		(395,933)		127,831		3,673,700	
Total adjustment Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,150,645 (1,102,425)	\$	(375,468) (582,781)	\$	222,436 1,137,310	\$	3,997,613 (547,896)	
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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LA CLEAR - Training Agency Fund - this fund was established to account for the Los Angeles Criminal Information Clearinghouse ("LA CLEAR"), which promotes the exchange of strategic, tactical, operational intelligence and information through training.

BSCC Trust/AB109 Parole Compliance Agency Fund - The Board of State and Community Corrections ("BSCC") provides funding for city police departments to enable front-line intervention services in each county.

City of Gardena Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds June 30, 2017

	LA	AB109	BSCC Trust / AB109 Parole Compliance Fund		Total	
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$	5,885	\$	-	\$	5,885
Total assets	\$	5,885	\$		\$	5,885
LIABILITIES:						
Deposits	\$	5,885	\$	_	\$	5,885
Total liabilities	\$	5,885	\$	-	\$	5,885

City of Gardena Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Balance July 1, 2016		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2017	
LA CLEAR - Training Fund									
ASSETS:									
Cash and investments	\$	5,885	\$	-	\$		\$	5,885	
Total assets	\$	5,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,885	
LIABILITIES:									
Deposits payable	\$	5,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,885	
Total liabilities	\$	5,885	\$	-	\$	_	\$	5,885	
BSCC Trust / AB109 Parole Compliance Fund									
ASSETS:									
Cash and investments	\$	1,542,542	\$	_	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	_	
Total assets	\$	1,542,542	\$	-	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	-	
LIABILITIES:									
Deposits payable	\$	1,542,542	\$	-	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	_	
Total liabilities	\$	1,542,542	\$	-	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	_	
Total - All Agency Funds								_	
ASSETS:									
Cash and investments	\$	1,548,427	\$	-	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	5,885	
Total assets	\$	1,548,427	\$	-	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	5,885	
LIABILITIES:									
Deposits	\$	1,548,427	\$		\$	(1,542,542)	\$	5,885	
Total liabilities	\$	1,548,427	\$	-	\$	(1,542,542)	\$	5,885	

City of Gardena

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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